

AMERICAN VESSEL WAS TORPEDOED

By a German Under-Sea
Raider.

THE CAPTAIN DIED OF SHOCK

Two Of the Victim's Crew
Jumped Overboard and
Were Drowned.

SOME STIR AT WASHINGTON

London, May 2.—The American oil tank steamer Gulfight, which sailed from Port Arthur, Texas, April 10, for Rouen, was torpedoed by a German submarine at noon Saturday off the Scilly Islands, according to a dispatch received to-day by the Central News Agency.

The Captain of the Gulfight, according to the same advices, died of heart disease as a result of shock. Two seamen jumped overboard and were drowned.

The other members of the crew, numbering 32, were taken off by a patrol boat and landed. The vessel was towed into Crow Sound and beached.

The Gulfight was a steel vessel of 3,202 tons net and was built at Camden, N. J., in 1914. She was owned by the Gulf Refining Company. The vessel was 383 feet long, 51 feet beam and 30 feet deep. She was equipped with wireless telegraphy apparatus.

Stir At Washington.

Washington, May 2.—Press reports of the torpedoing of the American steamer Gulfight and the loss of her Captain and two members of the crew created a stir to-night in official circles here, where the seriousness of the occurrence was admitted.

In the absence of President Wilson, officials made no comment as to the probable action of the United States Government beyond saying that a thorough inquiry as to the manner of the torpedoing and the responsibility for it would first be required before a decision could be reached as to the kind of representations to be made.

If first reports are borne out, the attack on the Gulfight constitutes the first case of an American ship struck by a torpedo with the consequent loss of life.

Two American vessels have been sunk by mines, the responsibility for which never has been fixed, and an American, Leon C. Thresher, was drowned when the British ship Falaba was torpedoed.

The United States Government has just completed its investigation of the Thresher case, but in view of the direct attack on an American vessel now reported it was thought to be probable that both incidents will be dealt with in whatever diplomatic action is taken.

It was generally recalled to-night that in the note sent by the United States to Germany in answer to Germany's proclamation of a war zone around the British Isles and Ireland, the Washington Government stated that it would hold the German government "to a strict accountability" for the loss of any American lives or vessels, the phraseology being so drawn as to cover attacks on belligerent vessels on which Americans were traveling.

Officials said at the time that the purpose of the document was to insist on the right of Americans to voyage on the high seas even on belligerent merchantmen, and upon the observance of previous rules of international law, which provide for the transfer to places of safety of non-combatants aboard unarmed merchantmen.

The course of the United States in the case of the Gulfight is not likely to be determined for several days. Some time probably will be required to get the facts.

In diplomatic quarters the attack on the Gulfight recalled similar experiences of other neutral craft with German submarines. A Norwegian and a Dutch steamer were torpedoed recently, but so far as could be recalled by officials here, no lives were lost.

In these cases the German Gov-

ernment, besides promising to pay damages for the vessels destroyed, expressed its regret at the occurrences.

BOY KILLS HIS MOTHER —RESULT OF ACCIDENT

Central City, Ky., May 1.—At Cleaton, Ky., Graham Sampson, the seventeen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lem Sampson, of Cleaton, accidentally shot and killed his mother, aged forty-five years. The young man was cleaning and oiling an automatic revolver which he thought he had unloaded and was hurrying the finishing touches, as he was going to assist his father in building a fence which his mother wanted built for the protection of her chickens. The mother was in the act of drawing gloves on her hands preparatory to going to the yard to show where the fence was to be located. Without warning the revolver exploded, the shot striking the mother in one shoulder and passing entirely through her body, came out the other shoulder, and it is supposed to have pierced her heart, as she died instantly.

The father and son rushed to her relief, but she never spoke. The son is frantic with grief, while the father and the other five children are completely dazed by the tragic affair.

BOY COUNTERFEITERS MADE "FAULTY" NICKELS

Corbin, Ky., May 1.—A bunch of alleged counterfeiters were apprehended and put under arrest here by United States Secret Service Agent S. A. Donnell, of Louisville, Ky., and Chief of Police George Davis, of Corbin. John Wilbur, Steve Wilbur and Lewis Wilbur, brothers, who, it is charged, had been manufacturing counterfeit nickels for more than a year, when arrested, had quite a lot of the spurious coin in their pockets.

They confessed at once and said they would make no defense to the charge.

The Wilburs have furnished their bad coin to the boys of the vicinity and persons at night, and besides have traded with persons from the country for anything they could purchase. They had been seen by many persons in the vicinity of the dump pile, near Corbin, melting old cans, cast-off tin and other metals, for solder, but no one knew their purpose until recently, when they told all about it themselves.

ROLL OF NEXT HOUSE, 64th CONGRESS, COMPLETE

Washington, May 1.—The official list of members of the House in the Sixty-fourth Congress, corrected from previous unofficial compilations made at the Capitol, has been issued.

It shows that of the 435 members, 230 are Democrats, 191 Republicans, seven Progressives, one independent and one Socialist, together with four vacancies, and the First New York district not yet determined as between Lathrop, Democrat, and Frederick C. Hicks, Republican. Mr. Brown's right to succeed himself is the subject of a contest.

Of the 430 whose election is now certified, 301, including the five Territorial and insular representatives, served in the Sixty-third, which ended last March. L. I. Dyer, of St. Louis, also served in part of that Congress, but was eliminated from it in a contest by his Democratic opponent. Exclusive of Mr. Dyer, nineteen who were not members of the last Congress, but did serve in some previous Congress, are again on the official payroll.

Every member of the delegations from Virginia, Tennessee, Wisconsin, Mississippi, Maine, Montana and several other States was in the last Congress.

GERMAN MARK IS DECLINING IN VALUE

Paris, May 3.—A dispatch from Geneva says the value of the German mark continues to fall and that the Swiss postal authorities have announced that after to-day German postal orders will be cashed on the basis of 110 centimes to the mark, a depreciation of 12 per cent.

A White Paper has been issued by the British Government embodying reports tending to show that the drink habit is having a very serious effect on the output of war munitions and repairs to the warship and transport services.

BUSINESS IS NOW ON THE UP GRADE

In Kentucky and Balance
Reserve District.

COTTON INCREASES IN PRICE

Other Near-By States Are
Also Counted As In Pros-
perity's Path.

THE POWERS OF TRUSTEESHIP

Washington, May 3.—Business is on the upgrade in Kentucky and the Eighth Reserve district generally, according to the first number of the Federal Reserve bulletin issued to-day. In the South and West especially the bulletin reports a marked improvement in the financial condition due to the increased price of cotton and the promise of bumper crops. So far as the Eighth district is concerned, the first quarter of 1915 will compare favorably with the similar period of 1914 and show a great improvement over the last quarter of 1914, says the bulletin, which continues:

"Kentucky reports that while a good deal of its tobacco is sold, it is not delivered and consequently the sellers have not as yet collected the money due them. Manufacturing and jobbing in Kentucky is not yet up to the normal, but the tendency is good. Crops promise well, and this is expected to put Kentucky into good business conditions again."

Summing up reports from the entire reserve district the bulletin concludes that summer will find Indiana, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi and Kentucky in satisfactory financial condition.

The bulletin, which will be issued from time to time in the future, shows that only seventeen trust companies and State banks in the United States have joined the Federal reserve system, of which one, the Mercantile Trust Company, of St. Louis, is located in the Eighth district.

Three Kentucky banks have been granted trustee powers under the Federal reserve act: The First Hardin National, of Elizabethtown; the First National, of Hopkinsville, and the Marion National, of Lebanon. Two Indiana banks—both at Evansville—and a Knoxville institution in Tennessee have been granted similar powers.

Of the emergency currency loaned to Kentucky there was still \$240,400 outstanding on April 20, according to the publication.

THOUSANDS STARVING FROM FAMINE IN CHINA

Washington, April 30.—Thousands are starving to death, others are committing suicide, to escape the terrors of hunger and thousands are on the verge of starvation in the province of Szechuan, China, because of famine, according to mail advices to the State Department received to-day from E. Carlton Baker, American Consul at Chung-King.

The famine is due to a protracted drouth, particularly in the region of Fuchow and Chungchow.

"Many of the poorer people are dying and others are on the verge of starvation," says the memorandum to the State Department. "The price of rice has more than doubled. Some of the people are so desperate that they are eating bark from the trees and even clay, and others are committing suicide to escape the terrors of starvation."

It is not thought that conditions will improve until the next harvest in the late summer. Consul Baker's message stated, President Yuan Shi Kai is said to have authorized the expenditure of \$100,000 for the sufferers.

Drilling For Oil.

Bowling Green, Ky., May 1.—The machinery to be used in digging oil wells by Carey & Morrison, of Pittsburg, Pa., arrived in the city to-night. Work will begin at once near the axle handle factory, west of Bowling Green. George D. Morrison will be the manager. This company has leased more than 1,200 acres of ground.

BABE SITUATION OF PRESENT WAR

Is To Be Made a Subject
Of Inquiry.

MANY CHILDREN TO BE BORN

Out Of Wedlock—Some Pros-
pective Mothers Simp-
ly Little Girls.

MANY FATHERS AMONG SLAIN

London, April 30.—"The War Babies" question is to be investigated. A communication issued here at Lambeth Palace, the residence of the Archbishop of Canterbury, says:

"The Archbishops of Canterbury and York; Rev. John Scott Lidgett, of the London School Board and editor of the Methodist Times; Adeline, Duchess of Bedford; Dr. Mary Dacomb Sharlieb, Governor of St. Mary's College, Paddington; Lady Londonberry and others have been giving careful consideration to the alleged probability of there being during the war an increase of illegitimate births, and have requested small committees of women, in conjunction with the National Union of Women Workers, to investigate the nature and the extent of the danger."

The reports that the committees shall make and the steps to be taken, if the problem proves a serious one, will be considered by another committee, of which the Archbishop of York is Chairman. The Archbishop, in referring to the matter in a speech, here, said there had been much exaggeration in the public reports on the subject, and that where it had been possible to test the figures given in the reports, they almost invariably had proved untrue.

Rondal McNeill, a member of Parliament, in a letter to the Morning Post, has made an urgent appeal for assistance to the thousands of unmarried young women who would shortly become mothers. McNeill says that it is a social problem of the most pressing nature. He continues:

"All over the country, in districts where large masses of troops have been quartered, a great number of unmarried girls will become mothers within a few weeks."

"I have information of one county borough, which is said not to be exceptional, where there are more than 2,000 young women and girls in this condition."

"The total number of illegitimate children shortly to be born is very many thousands, not a few of the prospective mothers being little more than children themselves."

McNeill asks if these women are to be disgraced and if the children must carry through life the stigma of shame for irregular birth. Many of these fathers have atoned for the fault, he says, by giving their lives for their country.

AGED WOMAN COMMITS SUICIDE, DRINKING LYE

Fulton, Ky., April 30.—Mrs. Mary Dudley, who lived four miles west of here, committed suicide at her home Wednesday morning by drinking lye. Dr. Boaz was called, but she was beyond aid and died in about thirty minutes.

She was sixty-eight years old and a widow. She had lived here only four years, moving here from Jordan, Ky. She is survived by two sons. One is in the United States Army and the other lives here. It is thought despondency over her son joining the army and declining health prompted her to take her own life.

HAIL BIG AS BASEBALLS FALLS OVER MISSOURI

St. Louis, Mo., May 2.—One person is known to have been killed, thousands of dollars damage was done to crops, and hailstones as large as baseballs are reported to have fallen in the storm which swept across Missouri to-day.

At Sturgeon, Mo., Leo Hanly, 18 years old, was killed by lightning. In St. Louis the streets were flooded in places to the depth of several feet. At one point, a boy in a canoe instituted a passenger service

between the door of a fashionable church and the street car station.

California, Mo., reported that hail tore holes in roofs and the sides of houses and demolished the west windows of virtually every building in the city. At Tipton, hailstones were found which measured eight and one-half inches in diameter and weighed half a pound.

ELI E. GREGORY NAMED IN TEN INDICTMENTS

Greenville, Ky., April 30.—The Muhlenberg county grand jury made its report to the court, returning into court 122 indictments, which is undoubtedly the largest number returned at any recent term of the court. About one-half of that number are said to charge violations of the local option law.

Eli E. Gregory, former president of the defunct Central City Deposit Bank, was indicted on ten counts, five charging him with forgery, four with receiving deposits after his bank had become insolvent and one with obtaining money under false pretenses. Mr. Gregory's counsel was not present to-day, but it is not thought that he will demand a trial of any of Gregory's cases at this term of the court.

The court made an order directing that the names in the indictments be not published at this time. Gregory is now in jail at this place.

Civil cases will probably occupy the attention of the court for the remainder of this week and all of next week.

STATE'S SOLDIERS WILL CAMP AT OWENSBORO

Owensboro, Ky., April 29.—Announcement is made following a visit to Owensboro of Adjutant General J. Tandy Ellis and a conference with the Chamber of Commerce, that the 1915 encampment of the State troops will be held at Owensboro this summer, beginning July 15.

The location of the camp will be at the Daviess County Fair Grounds, and preparations are being made to begin the work of getting it in order.

Owensboro has not had the State encampment since 1901 and is looking forward to the coming of the militia.

FAST TRAIN HITS AUTO —TWO MEN MEET DEATH

Elizabethtown, Ky., April 30.—Rodman Sherrard, twenty-nine years old, and W. Gordon Holland, thirty-four, were killed at 5:40 o'clock last evening at the public crossing in Vine Grove when an I. C. passenger train struck the auto in which they were riding.

The train did not stop at the station and was going forty miles an hour. The two men had just finished overhauling the car and were trying it out. It is believed that they saw the approaching train, but a defect in the car made it impossible to stop it.

Holland was instantly killed. Sherrard lived thirty minutes. Holland was a son of John Holland and Sherrard a son of Mrs. Arabella Sherrard.

DIME CAUSE OF MURDER AND SUICIDE FOLLOWS

Louisville, Ky., May 1.—For the want of a dime John Zipperle, an ice dealer, shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Annie Bastian Baum, thirty-eight years of age, wife of Edward Baum, an employee of the Chess & Wymond Company, with whom he boarded, in the rear of 630 East St. Catherine street, at 6:45 o'clock this morning, and then committed suicide, firing a bullet through his heart.

The tragedy was enacted in the front room of the Baum home. Zipperle called Mrs. Baum to the room and asked her to give him a dime. She refused, whereupon he commanded her to give him the money, threatening to take her life if she refused. She again refused and he opened fire. The muzzle of the 32-caliber revolver was so close to her that the blaze ignited her dress and the wounds were powder-burned.

Mrs. Baum died to-night in the city hospital.

Plants In Bad Condition.

Cardisle, Ky., May 3.—A shortage of tobacco plants in this section is being predicted by tobacco growers, who claim that the plant beds are in very bad condition, very few of the seed, which were sown early, having sprouted. Most every grower is complaining of the outlook.

RIP VAN WINKLES OF SEA LAID UP

For Rest In the Harbor
At Hoboken.

A DOZEN BIG GERMAN LINERS

Are Now Interned Awaiting
End Of the Great Euro-
pean War.

ABOUT 2,200 MEN ON SHIPS

New York, May 1.—"Rip Van Winkles of the Sea" is the new name given the dozen big German liners tied up and interned at Hoboken to-day. Hoboken itself is a "Sleepy Hollow." The cessation of commerce at the German piers has hit a hard blow at Hoboken's business.

When the war is over the "Rip Van Winkles" will awake; not before, according to the vigilant agents of Uncle Sam, who watch day and night to see that none of the interned liners slip out to sea.

Capt. Moiler, the grizzled old sea dog who is superintendent of the North German Lloyd piers, growls and grumbles over stories that the German passenger fleet is waiting for a chance to "sneak out."

At every gate stands a customs guard. Down the bay are vigilant members of the navy's mosquito fleet, and even larger war vessels, stationed to head off the German ships, or any others which seek to leave New York harbor without permission of Uncle Samuel.

There are six boats tied up at the North German Lloyd docks, all splendid boats. But there isn't a one that hasn't cobwebs and rust on it. Lack of exercise seems just as bad for boats as for human beings.

Brushing cobwebs off boats isn't such hard work. But the sailors hate to brush cobwebs at reduced rates. When the war broke out and the company saw that it was going to be forced to lay its boats up, the captains offered their crews part pay to keep on working. Most of the men declined.

But those who accepted are all living comfortably on board the ships, except those who preferred to leave.

There are about 2,200 men living on the company's ships, and perhaps one-third of these are still on the pay-roll. Each ship maintains a small fire, just enough to keep the electric machinery going. The ships do not depend on their own engines to get them out of the docks in case of fire. The piers themselves are equipped with cables and donkey engines to haul the boats out in a jiffy if necessary.

DOCTOR USES OWN SKIN TO GRAFT UPON PATIENT

Evansville, Ind., May 2.—With his right hand Dr. H. M. Gottman to-day, with the aid of the nurses at St. Mary's Hospital, grafted skin from his left arm to the back of Mrs. Benjamin Bussman, aged 68 years, in the hope of saving her life. Mrs. Bussman was suffering from the effects of an X-ray burn on her back and skin grafting was regarded as the only thing to save her life. Dr. Gottman was unable to find anyone who would furnish the skin, so he decided to do it himself. It is believed the operation was a success. It will be several weeks before Dr. Gottman will have the complete use of his left arm.

O'REAR WILL NOT ENTER CONTEST FOR GOVERNOR

Mt. Sterling, Ky., April 30.—Judge Ed C. O'Rear, on his return from Owensville, where he spoke in favor of State-wide prohibition, said:

"I am not a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, and I will not be a candidate under any circumstances. However, the Republican party will have a State-wide as its standard-bearer in the next campaign. I will be at the Republican State convention at Lexington if the party at my home sends me as a delegate."

The State is supplying antitoxin with which to fight blackleg, which has broken out among cattle in Nelson county.

CONVICT'S BUILD COLORADO ROADS

At a Great Saving To the State.

FINE SAMPLE OF THE SYSTEM

By Which Thoroughfares Are Constructed In a Scientific Way.

CONVICTS ARE ALSO HELPED

Colorado Springs, Col., April 30.—The Colorado Springs & Canyon City highway and the Pike's Peak ocean-to-ocean road in Ute Pass are two of the most perfect mountain roads in the United States and two of the best examples of the results of convict labor.

The first named is a fine example of scientific road building. For twenty miles south of Colorado Springs the road winds around the foothills and mountains, practically the entire roadbed having been cut out of the hillside and in many places blasted out of solid rock. For the remaining twenty-five miles the way is over foothills and through undulating country. Besides being a marvel in engineering, the road is one of the most scenic and picturesque in the West, passing, as it does, through Red Rock canyon, Dead Man's canyon and many other mountain beauty spots.

The road averages eighteen feet in width, and is perfectly crowned and drained. Although it offers a succession of climbs, so skillfully was the engineering work done that heavy grades have been eliminated and the motorist is confronted with only one grade as high as 6 per cent.

Ute Pass is one of the historical gateways of the mountain country. Down its sides centuries before Columbus discovered America the Ute Indians had worn with soft moccasins tread a plainly distinguishable trail. In building the first road across the range to freight supplies to Leadville, Aspen and the other mining camps the white man followed the trail of the Indian. A few years ago the main portion of this road between Manitou and Cascade was entirely rebuilt by convict labor.

Under the Colorado system the convict is allowed ten days off his sentence for each month of labor on the roads. This is in addition to the usual reduction for good behavior. The cost of building many of the mountain roads would be almost prohibitive if the State were compelled to construct them under ordinary conditions.

The entire country has reaped the benefits of Colorado's pioneering because it has been able to open to travelers from all sections of the country some of its most splendid mountain scenery.

Thomas J. Tynan, warden of the State penitentiary, under whose supervision the work of the last three years has been done, says:

"Basing our figures on actual experience we are confident that we can construct in the next ten years more than 5,000 miles of the very finest roadways for less than \$500,000, and this without adding anything whatever to the burden of the taxpayers."

"During one month we worked thirty-five men at one camp on the road. The number of days employed was twenty-four and three quarters. Each of these thirty-five men rendered to the State labor equivalent in value to \$2 and \$3 a day. The labor for each man cost the State exactly 25 cents per day."

"The man who is allowed to leave the prison for the road camp has practically seen the last of prison life, if he conducts himself properly. His food and clothing are better; his self-respect is preserved. During the last three years we have had more than 1,000 unguarded individual prisoners in the convict camps. Less than 1 per cent. have violated their pledges and made successful escape."

PRESIDENT WILSON'S LETTER ON LOCAL OPTION

May 1, 1911, President Wilson, then Governor of New Jersey, wrote the following letter to the Secretary of the Anti-Saloon League:

"I am in favor of local option. I

Our Advice Is:
When you feel out of sorts from cold, cough, or any other ailment, let us say that if you do not relieve you, see a physician, because no other home remedy will. Sold only by us, 10 cents.
James H. Williams.

am a thorough believer in local self-government, and believe that every self-governing community which constitutes a social unit should have the right to control the matter of the regulation or of the withholding of licenses.

"But the questions involved are social and moral, and are not susceptible to being made parts of a party program. Whenever they have been made the subject matter of party contests they have cut the lines of party organization and party action athwart, to the utter confusion of political action in every other field."

"They have thrown every other question, however important, into the background and have made conservative party action impossible for long years together. So far as I am concerned, therefore, I never can consent to have the question of local option made an issue between political parties in this State."

"My judgment is clear in this matter. I do not believe that party programs of the highest consequence to the political life of the State and of the nation ought to be thrust on one side and hopelessly embarrassed for long periods by making a political issue of a great question which is essentially non-political, non-partisan, moral and social in its nature."

MAIN TROUBLE ABOUT SHEEP RAISING HERE

The United States Department of Agriculture urges the desirability of maintaining a small flock of sheep upon the farm. With proper care and attention a flock of twenty-five or thirty ewes can be kept at very little expense, and they will prove of inestimable value in freeing the farm from weeds and adding something to the farm income. In addition to providing a considerable supply of wholesome food for the farm table, there will be a surplus for sale, and an additional item for revenue in the form of wool. The greatest drawback to sheep raising in Kentucky—and in other States no doubt—is the flourishing condition of the dog industry. So many people prefer to raise dogs that it makes an awful lot of trouble to the people who are trying to raise sheep.—[Frankfort State Journal.]

Ab! the Invigorating Whiff of the Pine Forest!

How it clears the throat and head of its mucous ailments. It is this spirit of newness and vigor from the health-giving pine forests brought back by Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Antiseptic and healing. Buy a bottle to-day. All druggists. 25c. Electric Bitters a spring tonic. (Advertisement)

THE BRAVE RECORD OF A VERY YOUNG SOLDIER

Le Mans, France, April 30.—Jacques Goujon, 17 years old, has been cited in military orders and given a military medal.

The youth killed two German sentinels, blew up, with the aid of bombs, two quickfiring of the enemy, was captured, but succeeded in escaping and carrying with him at the same time a machine gun of the Germans to the French lines.

Later, during a German counter-attack, Goujon's right arm was blown off by a shell.

The military authorities at Lyons, Goujon's home city, had refused to accept him for military duty on account of his age. He went to Paris, where he was accepted because of his robust constitution.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

Eggs Never Laid Hatched.

Mylo Culler, a Monessen druggist, has in his show window three young chickens hatched from eggs that were never laid. He killed three laying hens and took from each an egg which had been formed but had no shell.

Culler then took plaster, and binding it very carefully with strips of court plaster, he made shells to keep the eggs from breaking open. The eggs were then placed in an incubator and yesterday the chicks made their debut. They are doing nicely, thank you.—[Harrisburg (Penn.) Cor. New York Herald.]

For a Torpid Liver.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets off and on for the past six years whenever my liver shows signs of being in a disordered condition. They have always acted quickly and given me the desired relief," writes Mrs. F. H. Trubus, Springfield, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement)

A Big Family.

A family passed through Piedmont, W. Va., on a Baltimore & Ohio train last week consisting of twenty-one members. The father was 38 years old, the mother 36 years and there were nine pairs of twins. Fourteen of the children passed free, being under the age limit.

POLES AND JEWS SUFFER; APPEAL FOR AID ISSUED

Population In Galicia and Poland Near Starvation, Laundau Says.

London, April 29.—Seven million Poles, of whom 2,000,000 are Jews, are in dire need of food. This statement was made to-day by Hermann Laundau, a prominent Jewish philanthropist, associated with various Jewish charities in London.

"Of these sufferers 5,500,000 are east of the Vistula River and 1,500,000 west of the river," Mr. Laundau said. "The Jews are even poorer than the Gentiles, because of the boycott against the Jews in parts of Poland before the beginning of the war, which impoverished thousands who otherwise would have been able to provide for their families."

"Political and religious prejudice against the Jews also renders their condition worse than that of the Catholics. In parts of Poland evacuated by the Germans many Jews are living on potato peels and garbage left by the army. The Catholic population has been able to flee beyond Warsaw in much larger numbers than the Jews."

"The Citizens' Committee at Warsaw is the only large agency for affording relief for refugees. Although the membership of this committee consists of four Jews and six Gentiles, it has been impossible to employ workers who would deal fairly with the Jews. Consequently another committee has been organized under the chairmanship of Baron Gunzburg to administer relief without regard to religious faith."

"The Russian Government has been considerate in its treatment of Jews in the portions of Poland occupied by Russian troops, but the Jews are suffering greatly from persecution in the portion of Galicia which Austria still holds, as Austria suspects all Poles of disloyalty."

"I hear that Americans are rallying to aid the Poles, and I know that their needs will be supplied when the world realizes how terrible is their plight. Communication with Poland and Galicia is so difficult that it is impossible for the world to learn immediately of the awful suffering there. But a good cause never lacks supporters, and I feel sure the world will rally to the aid of the Polish sufferers, as you Americans did to the cry of the Belgians."

Whooping Cough.

"About a year ago my three boys had whooping cough and I found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only one that would relieve their coughing and whooping spells. I continued this treatment and was surprised to find that it cured the disease in a very short time," writes Mrs. Archie Dalrymple, Crooksville, Ohio. For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement)

Stood It Long Enough.

Margaret was maid-of-all-work in the Buckley family, and the members of the family are not on the most amicable terms. One morning Margaret sought her mistress and tendered her resignation. Mrs. Buckley was much distressed and very loath to part with so excellent a servant.

"And are you really going to leave us, Margaret?" asked the mistress, sadly. "What is the matter? Haven't we always treated you as one of the family, Margaret?"

"Yes, mum," replied the girl; "an' Oi've stood it as long as Oi'm goin' to."

Sick Headache.

Mrs. A. L. Luckie, East Rochester, N. Y., was a victim of sick headache and despondency, caused by a badly weakened and debilitated condition of her stomach, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She says: "I found them pleasant to take, also mild and effective. In a few weeks' time I was restored to my former good health." For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement)

The Rope And The Chair.

The decision of the United States Supreme Court that death in the electric chair is less painful and more humane than hanging will be accepted as final. It upholds a decision of the highest Court in South Carolina and the question is not likely to be brought up again. The electric chair was substituted for the gallows for humane reasons, and there has been no disposition in any State which has put the chair in use to return to the old method. But much of the traditional horror of execution by rope was due to the publicity attending it. The introduction of the electric current as the instrument of capital punishment was almost simultaneous with the adoption of laws against public executions.—[New York Times.]

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILI TONIC, drives out malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c

THE FORTY-NINTH STATE UNDER CONTEMPLATION

Western Portion of Texas To Be Cut Off and Named Jefferson.

When New Mexico and Arizona became, respectively, the forty-seventh and the forty-eighth States of the Union, three years ago, there was speculation as to what territories would form the next two and bring the number of commonwealths in the sacred bond up to the round half hundred. Alaska and Hawaii were supposed to be the most available for Statehood; but it was believed that many years must elapse before they would pass beyond the territorial stage.

It was not widely known until recently, when the agitation arose for cutting off the western portion of Texas and erecting it into a separate State, that by the terms under which the Lone Star Republic was admitted to the Union, after maintaining its independence from Mexico with the bloody Alamo and other fights, it reserved to itself the right of subdividing itself into five States. Until now no proposal to exercise that right has been seriously made, although its vast extent of 265,896 square miles is more than five times the area of any one of more than half of the other States.

The name of Jefferson is proposed for the State to be created of Western Texas, which claims it has not received proper consideration at the hands of the rest of the State, and that representation adequate to its rapid increase in population and wealth is denied it at Austin, the capital, which is remote from the once arid but now irrigated plains, which now form a "dry" region only in the restricted use of the word. The town of Abilene is already mentioned as the possible capital of Jefferson, but the movement for the fission of Texas has not yet been acted upon favorably by the lawmakers of the State, albeit their decision is not subject to review by the General Government. But it is believed the agitation of the matter will bring about that result.—[Brooklyn Standard-Union.]

HUGE SUM PAID TO SEE MOTION PICTURE SHOWS

Speaking at a meeting of the New York Theater Club at the Hotel Astor, Commodore J. Stuart Blackton, president of the Vitagraph Company of America, said that for the year 1913 \$275,000,000 was paid by the general public for admission to various motion picture houses throughout the country.

"As throwing additional statistical light on the growth of the picture industry," Mr. Blackton continued, "during the year 1913 about \$25,000,000 was paid for rental of films. The manufacturers tied up in their business \$25,000,000 and about \$50,000,000 was invested in unreleased feature films."

Mr. Blackton said more than 11,000,000 people visit moving picture theaters daily in this country. He said that during 1913 40,000 miles of moving picture film was made, or enough to go around the earth and to provide thirty tintypes for every citizen of the United States. He also asserted that more than \$120,000,000 is invested in moving picture theaters and that the ordinary feature films that provide an evening's entertainment cost between \$15,000 and \$30,000 each.

Where Men Are Scarce.

At a social affair in Boston the subject of marriage came up for discussion.

"Speaking of marriage," remarked one of the women guests, "I could never quite understand one of the biblical references to it."

"To which one do you particularly refer, Mrs. Jones?" asked another of the guests.

"About marrying in heaven," answered Mrs. Jones, thoughtfully. "Why do you suppose there is no marrying nor giving in marriage in heaven?"

"That's an easy one!" promptly chimed in a sarcastic matron. "I don't suppose there is a man in the place."

The May American Magazine.

In the May American Magazine Jerome D. Travers, four times amateur golf champion of America, writes a highly entertaining and instructive article entitled, "The High Cost of Golfing." More money is now spent in the United States on golf than on baseball. There are 1,300 clubs and 700,000 or 800,000 players. Mr. Travers presents more interesting facts on the subject than have ever been gathered together before.

Cleveland Moffett, writing under the title, "Deeds of Daring in the Movies," tells some wonderful true

stories of extraordinary adventures that moving picture managers and actors have had in the preparation of films. Ida M. Tarbell writes another article in her business series entitled, "The Golden Rule in Business." Captain Granville Fortescue tells his experiences with the Russian army. Hugh S. Fullerton, writing under the title, "The Jitney's are Coming," gives the facts about the new transportation development that is spreading over the country.

NEW MARITAL STANDING FOR WOMEN OF JAPAN

Tokio, Japan, April 30.—Miss Hede Nozawa has won \$10,000 by the award of the highest court of Japan from Sozaburo Vanaka for breach of promise, which is not only the first breach of promise case to be adjudicated in Japan, but a long step forward in the recognition of the rights of women, who under the old regime were considered more or less as chattels, as they still are in most of the Orient.

Under the existing law, a marriage is not valid unless registered and registration is not compulsory or even usual. Miss Nozawa had consented to share Vanaka's house on the condition that their union be entered on the records. Vanaka put the matter off for a month, and then left the house after quarrelling with the girl. Instead of yielding to circumstances in the meek Oriental way, Miss Nozawa brought suit. One court turned down her case. She took it to another. Again she lost. But undiscouraged, she went to the highest tribunal in the land. Witnesses who had arranged the union appeared for her, and the result was damages amounting in Japanese to a small fortune.

Are You Rheumatic?—Try Sloan's.

If you want quick and real relief from rheumatism, do what so many thousand other people are doing whenever an attack comes on, bathe the sore muscle or joint with Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub it in—just apply the Liniment to the surface. It is wonderfully penetrating. It goes right to the seat of trouble and draws the pain almost immediately. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for 25c of any druggist and have it in the house—against colds, sore and swollen joints, lumbago, Sciatica and like ailments. Your money back if not satisfied, but it does give almost instant relief. (Advertisement)

SAY RATS WON'T GNAW MATCH HEADS OR STICKS

Some time ago chemical engineer Nuckolls, of the National Fire Protection Association, conducted a series of experiments at the Chicago laboratories—placing various types of matches in cages where rats and mice were confined and starved.

His experiments showed the rodents, under these conditions, died of starvation, and made no attempt whatever to gnaw the match heads or sticks. Recently, engineer F. V. D. Cruser has carried on a series of more elaborate experiments with the same result.

At times, when using the larger cages, in which several animals had been placed and, after the starving process was begun, it was found the animals would, while starving, kill and eat each other. All this time matches in the cage, along with a little straw, would remain undisturbed.

The ordinary phosphorus match, both single and double dip type, was

COOPER TO HAVE BIG BREAD LINE

Proceeds From Sale of Celebrated Tanlac to Feed Poor.

Louisville, May 3.—L. T. Cooper, the noted "Tanlac Man," will establish and maintain, at his own personal expense, a "bread line" in Louisville this spring. Mr. Cooper conceived and began executing this idea as quietly as he performed his remarkable relief work among the Dayton flood sufferers in 1913.

Louisville will, therefore, be unique in its relation with the rest of the country, because this city will have the only "bread line" outside of New York and maybe a few other larger cities of the world, where the plan has been established and is now maintained by the charitable organizations.

Mr. Cooper spent the afternoon looking over several available locations for the "bread line" and he will probably be prepared to state definitely by to-day just where the work will be carried on. He has also been in communication with local bakeries, and an agreement with reference to the bread and coffee supply has been practically reached.

Mr. Cooper, who is one of the most magnanimous of men, has always been in sympathy with the poor and unfortunate. The "bread line" will therefore be only another exemplification of his nature. A large percentage of the profits from the sale of his celebrated preparation, Tanlac, the medicine that is accomplishing such remarkable results in cases of catarrh, stomach, liver and kidney troubles, will be devoted to charity and her children in this city.

In commenting upon this great undertaking, Mr. Cooper said:

"Since a mere boy, I have always been inclined to help those who were less fortunate than myself, and in each city I visit I have invariably shown my sympathy for the poor by performing some service at my own personal expense that would bring a bit of genuine charity directly to them. I can, therefore, imagine nothing, among the several charitable plans I now have in mind, that will prove as much benefit as a 'bread line.' The necessary details connected with the plan will be perfected by me this week."

Tanlac, the celebrated medicine now being introduced by Mr. Cooper, can be bought in Hartford at the Ohio County Drug Co.'s drug store, also at Z. Wilbur Mitchell's drug store, Beaver Dam, Ky.—[Advertisement]

used and in not a single instance, covering a wide range of experiments, were any of the heads gnawed.

The same result was found where a strike-on-the-box type of match was used.

This will be, it is thought, disheartening news to professional firebugs and wouldbe arsonists.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.
The worst case, no matter how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

FORDS PROFIT-SHARING ASSURED.

300,000 cars will be sold by July 1st. \$50.00 rebate on each car bought between August 1st, 1914, and August 1st, 1915.

Factory 75,000 cars behind in their shipments. We can't get cars as fast as we can sell them.

With all this enormous production, and can't supply the demand.

Mail orders received with \$50.00 cash deposit enclosed will receive first attention and will be first delivered.

Delay in getting your order in may deprive you of a season's pleasure.

Call Up
E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam, Ky.,
Or Write
Barnes Automobile Company,
CENTRAL CITY, KY.

ENGLAND BEARING BRUNT OF BLAME

For War, In the Minds Of
Germans.

BOLD THREAT OF ATROCITIES

Which May Be Committed
On English Soil As Means
Of Reprisal.

LAY BLAME ON UNITED STATES

A letter written from Berlin to the New York World, by one of its special staff correspondents, says:

"We forgive the Russians, although they started the war," I have been told over and over again. "We will even shake hands with the French, whom we have found to be excellent fighters, but never again in the history of Deutschland will we shake hands with the cruel English, who are the ones who forced these other nations to make war against our native land."

"You talk about the atrocities committed in Belgium by the German soldiers," said many to me. "What we did there was to punish those civilians—franc tireurs—who fired upon our soldiers while in their land."

"We had to punish those citizens who had actually crucified some of our brave officers. Whatever was committed in Belgium cannot be called barbarism on the part of the German army, but once let us get into England and there will be no way of holding back our soldiers, and no doubt the world will learn of atrocities committed unknown of to-day."

And this hatred against England can be heard of everywhere. The children in school proclaim it. English words are cut out of the ordinary vocabulary and English is spoken only in whispers. It is practically unsafe in many parts of Germany for any one to be overheard talking English. And because of these conditions Americans sojourning in Germany are suffering as much to-day as do the British, because the average German when he hears English spoken does not know of the difference between the language used in Great Britain and her possessions and that spoken by the Americans at home.

There was a time when the hatred against Americans was so great that many of them feared to be seen in public places. Especially was that the case with Americans who were unable to talk German fluently. Even our Ambassador was openly insulted in public once. It is not advisable even to-day, when this bitter feeling against the Americans has considerably subsided, for any American to travel through Germany unless he is able to speak the German tongue.

During my trip through Germany I was asked almost daily: "Why do you Americans supply the allies with arms and ammunition and other munitions of war, and in that way continue the cruel war against us?"

The average German does not seem to understand, or care to understand, that Germany has as much right to buy arms and ammunition in America for use by the Germans against the allies, as have the allies for use against the Germans. They do not understand, or do not want to understand, why their ships no longer cross the Atlantic Ocean, why their trade between nations across the sea had to be abandoned, and why it is easy for the allies to carry what is known as provisional contraband from a neutral country to one engaged in warfare. They do not hesitate one moment to denounce President Wilson and his administration for permitting the export from America to the allies of war material, and what seems to arouse them more than anything else is that a man bearing a German name—Schwab—should be at the head of the list of those to supply such war material.

"If America did not furnish the allies with arms and ammunition the war would have been over long ago," they declare. "We had conquered the enemy up to the time the United States stepped in and helped to continue the bitter warfare."

The Germans in the field to-day can tell, so they write home, the difference between the shells manufactured in America and those made in France or England, for instance. They say that out of the shells used in the beginning of the war by the French about 50 per cent. exploded, while out of the shells manufactured in America and used by the allies against the Germans between 80 per cent. and 90 per cent. exploded. They also say that they can tell the difference between a European shell and one made in America by the peculiar sound which the latter creates in flying through the air.

MARRYING FOR MONEY AND ONE CASE IN POINT

Representative Robert L. Henry said at a wedding breakfast in Waco:

"This, I am glad to see, is a love match. I hate to see the other sort of match, the marriage for money, especially when the money belongs to the bride."

"The young man who marries for money has a very humiliating road to travel. I once knew a man who married a girl who had \$400. He said to me about it in his old age:

"Martha had a little money—\$400 in fact—when I married her, and everybody in the village winked and nodded and said I knew a good thing when I saw it. Business prospered with me, and a couple of years after my marriage, I built a \$6,000 brick house. 'Aha, his wife's money!' said the villagers. Later on, as my family increased, I rented the brick house and built a \$10,000 stone one on the hill. 'He's putting his wife's money in real estate now,' everybody said. When I reached middle age and bought a big block of railroad stock, the New York broker actually said: 'It's a wise thing to invest your wife's money in good, conservative securities like these.' And when—but why go on? Every move I've made, every success I've ever achieved, has been attributed to my wife's money. Now, as a matter of fact, my wife spent her money before our wedding day—\$200 on a diamond engagement ring, and \$200 on a piano. She lost the ring the following month, and I guess our neighbors have been wishing ever since that she'd lose the piano."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. See

ADVERTISE.

The man who does not advertise simply because his grandfather did not, should wear knee breeches and a wig.

The man who does not advertise because it costs money should quit paying salaries for the same reason.

The man who doesn't advertise because he does not know how to write an advertisement should quit eating because he can't cook.

The man who does not advertise because somebody said it did not pay should not believe the world is round because the ancients said it was flat.

What Was It, Then?

"I don't see why you call your place a bungalow," said Smith to his neighbor.

"Well, if it isn't a bungalow, what is it?" said the neighbor.

"The job was a bungle and I still owe for it."

WAYS OF THE ANT ARE INTERESTING

Seem To Have a Human-
Like Instinct.

"WEDDING DANCE" IS DEATHLY

Ants Use Plant Louse For
"Cows" and "Milk"
Them Regularly.

FAITHFUL WORK OF "SLAVES"

A few days ago you may have noticed in the quiet of your back yard, only disturbed on Mondays when the family washing is fluttering on the line, swarms of small winged insects whirling in the sunshine. These are male and female ants and this is their wedding dance, so naturalists say. The husbands and fathers soon fall and die—for their wedding dance is to them a dance of death—and their widows, plucking off their wings for which they have no further use, enter the ground to lay their little white round eggs.

Now a well-regulated community of ants, strange to say, besides its males and females, has a third order, called—neuters. These are wingless and they are slaves. After the eggs have been laid these slaves or workers pick them up, so says the patient observer, who has studied them through the microscope, and carry them to special quarters prepared for them, where in 14 days they become larvae.

You may notice rising above the cracks in your brick walk here and there little hillocks of clean, yellow sand. It is brought to the surface by the workers, who are preparing the parlors, bedrooms and other apartments of the flat for the new colonies as they arrive. The workers—so the naturalists say, and though they tell truth, it does really have a Munchausen-like flavor—an organized troop of nurses, now care for the baby ants, feed them, give them a daily sun bath and keep them clean. In time the males and females will rise into the air, the males, as their fathers before them, to perish, and the mothers to return to the anthouse to lay eggs for a new family.

But a still more wonderful story is told of their use of the aphids or plant louse, a small soft-bodied insect usually of a brilliant green color, which lives on plant juices. The juice secreted by this insect is a honeylike liquid, of which ants are fond. To obtain this food they tickle the aphids with their antennae, whereupon the aphids give off a drop of the fluid, which is drunk by the ant. There is yet more to this story, for it is said that some ants carry the aphids into their ant hills, or rather into the chambers beneath where they keep them, feeding them and "milking" them at their pleasure. So these insects have been called "cows" of the ants.

Solomon, recognizing the orderliness and business acumen of the ant, gives this advice in his Proverbs: "Go to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways, and be wise!" —[Indianapolis News.]

Chamberlain's Liniment.

This preparation is intended especially for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and like ailments. It is a favorite with people who are well acquainted with its splendid qualities. Mrs. Charles Tanner, Wash., Ind., says of it: "I have found Chamberlain's Liniment the best thing for lame back and sprains I have ever used. Works like a charm and relieves pain and soreness. It has been used by others of my family as well as myself for upwards of twenty years." 25 and 50 cent bottles. For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement)

BIRD PROTECTION LAW IS STILL EFFECTIVE

Many of the press comments on the decision of the United States District court, rendered March 20, at Topeka, Kansas, holding that the Federal migratory bird law is unconstitutional, according to the United States Department of Agriculture, are erroneous and are apt to mislead the public concerning the real situation in this matter.

The Kansas decision, like a former decision to the same effect in the Eastern district of Arkansas, is limited in its operation solely to the district in which it was rendered. Neither decision settles or nullifies the law, and the exact contrary has been held by the United States District court for South Dakota. The Arkansas case has been to, and is now pending in the United States Supreme Court. The act of Congress protecting migratory birds stands effective until the Supreme Court finally decides the question of its

constitutionality. In the meantime, it is incumbent on every law-abiding citizen to observe its provisions and the regulations. It is the duty of the Department of Agriculture to enforce this law and the officials in charge will endeavor to do so as long as it is in force. Reports of violation will be carefully investigated and when sufficient evidence is secured they will be reported for prosecution. In this connection it should not be forgotten that an offender against this, as in the case of other United States laws, is subject to prosecution any time within three years from the date the offense is committed.

MEMORIAL DAY.

"A land without ruins is a land without memories; a land without memories is a land without history; a land that wears a laurel crown may be fair to see; but twine a few sad leaves around the brow of any land, and, be that land barren, beautiful and bleak, it becomes lovely in its consecrated coronet of sorrow, and it wins the sympathy of the heart in history. Crowns of roses fade; crowns of thorns endure. Calvaries and crucifixions take the deepest hold on humanity. The triumphs of might are transient; they pass and are forgotten; the sufferings of right are graven deepest on the chronicles of nations."—[Father Ryan.]

People Say To Us

"I cannot eat this or that food, it does not agree with me." Our advice to all of them is to take a

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet
before and after each meal. 25c a box. James H. Williams.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Secretary of State.

We are authorized to announce G. B. LICKENS, of Ohio county, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Secretary of State, General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce JUDGE J. S. GLENN, of Hartford, as a candidate for the nomination for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary the first Saturday in August, 1915.

For Commonwealth's Attorney.

We are authorized to announce B. D. RINGO, of Owensboro, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney for the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce LAWRENCE P. TANNER, of Owensboro, as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney for the Sixth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the State Primary Election the first Saturday in August, 1915.

For State Senator.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. THOMAS, of Ohio county, as a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Senator, 7th District, composed of Ohio, Muhlenberg and Butler counties. General Primary Election, August 3, 1915.

For Representative.

We are authorized to announce J. F. PHILLIPS, of Taylor Mines, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Representative from Ohio county in the next General Assembly of Kentucky. General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce W. S. DEAN, of Dundee, as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county in the next General Assembly of Kentucky. State Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

For Circuit Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce S. P. McKENNEY, of Beaver Dam, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democrats of Ohio county, at the General Primary election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce A. C. PORTER, of Hefflin, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democrats of Ohio county, at the General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce OTTO C. MARTIN, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republicans of Ohio county, at the General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce WALLACE H. RILEY, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republicans of Ohio county at the General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

We are authorized to announce ANDREW THORPE, of McHenry, as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Republicans of Ohio county, at the General Primary Election, August 7, 1915.

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.

Spring Merchandise!

In Furnishing Goods, Dry
Goods, General Merchandise, &c.

Bring your produce—highest
market prices.

Dexter & Baker,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

OUR SCIENTIFIC Horse and Mule Collars.

We are putting in a stock of harness, breeching hames, &c., all of the best high grade goods. Any one wanting a horse or mule collar should see our scientific collars. They are made of the best grade leather, double stitched, and are made to fit. They do away with the pad and sore shoulders. They are a comfort to the beast and a pleasure to the owner.

Call on

Williams & Miller,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

E. F. JACKSON

F. G. JACKSON

Let Jackson Bros. plan and build you a nice home this year while building material is cheap. Plans, Blue Prints and Specifications on short notice.

Jackson Bros.
Architects and Building Contractors,
Home Phone 32-2. CENTERTOWN, KY.

KENTUCKY

Light and Power Company

(INCORPORATED)

E. G. BARRASS MGR.,
Hartford, Ky.

Will wire your house at cost. Electric Lights are clean, healthy and safe. No home or business house should be without them when within reach.

The Herald---Only \$1.00 a Year
SUBSCRIBE NOW!

No Aches or Pains Peruna Did It for Me.

"I find Peruna an excellent spring and summer medicine and am glad to call the attention of my friends to it. I know by experience that Peruna is a good medicine, and always recommend it whenever I have an opportunity. I can truthfully say that I have no traces of my old complaint, and have neither ache nor pain, and enjoy life. Words cannot express my appreciation for the good Peruna has done me."

PERUNA THE SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.

"I used to get cramps in my stomach. I had sick headaches. My stomach nearly killed me. My family physician only gave me temporary relief. I got out of patience and had given up all hopes of recovery. I then wrote to Dr. Hartman and he advised me to take Peruna. I got a bottle of Peruna and commenced using it. Soon got better and am now entirely cured and feel like a new woman. Peruna is my comfort. I will never be without it." Mrs. Thomas M. Morgan, R. F. D. 2, Wadsworth, Ohio.



The Hartford Herald

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX.
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r.

Entered at the Hartford post-office
as mail matter of the second class.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce
T. F. BIRKHEAD as a candidate for
the Democratic nomination for Cir-
cuit Judge of the Sixth Judicial Dis-
trict at the primary to be held on
Saturday, August 7, 1915.

America's first newspaper was is-
sued at Boston, April 24, 1704. It
was a single sheet, 8x12 inches,
printed on both sides. There was
little in it except reprinted stuff,
copied from English newspapers.

It is customary nowadays if a
man gets beat in a horse trade to
blame it on President Wilson. So
if you happen to meet with any
blamable misfortune of any kind,
don't forget the National adminis-
tration.

Judge S. W. Hager, of Owens-
boro, has charge of the Stanley
headquarters at the Galt House in
Louisville. Judge Hager, it is said,
did not support Stanley for Senator
last year, but he now thinks the
Henderson man will be a winner.

The German authorities are kick-
ing mightily at what they think is a
violation of neutrality by the Unit-
ed States because some of their bel-
ligerent enemies are said to be ob-
taining arms and ammunition in
this country. Wonder if they will
object, when the war is over, to our
supplying the market with wooden
legs and false arms?

It is announced that the stork is
hovering over high official circles in
Washington. This happens every
once in awhile and the daily news-
papers print the names of the ex-
pectant mothers under five-story
heads on their front pages, and it
is deemed all right. But if a coun-
try newspaper contained a three-line
item of like kind concerning one of
its own town women, the expectant
father would probably come in and
want to thrash out the shop.

Jug fishing is very popular in
Kentucky at present. To the un-
initiated it must be explained that
baited lines are tied to the empty
jugs, which are securely sealed to
prevent them from filling with wa-
ter and sinking. When the jug be-
gins to "bob," you've got a bite.
Of course you have to take along
jugs or you can't jug-fish any. And
of course the jug must be emptied
of its contents—if any—before fish-
ing begins. Only empty jugs are
used. Understand?

The County Unit law is a Demo-
cratic measure, endorsed in Demo-
cratic council and platform. It has
been in operation only a short while
and has lately been strengthened by
a decision of the Court of Appeals.
It seems to be operating all right
and it only needs backing up by
public sentiment and its full execu-
tion by public officials, to make it
more effective as the days go by. It
lies much with the people as to
whether this law is fully enforced.
The officials who have its execution
in hand should be given all possi-
ble aid and encouragement.

Concerning the liquor and probi-
tion questions, President Wilson
says: "Whenever they have been
made the subject matter of party
contests they have cut the lines of
party organization and party action
athwart, to the utter confusion of
political action in every other field."
To verify the truth of this statement,
one need only to glance about the
political situation in Kentucky to-
day. There is no more self-consti-
tuted and loyal temperance man in
the country than President Wilson
and he has thousands of fellow
thinkers in all parts of the country
—men who believe in and practice
prohibition, but who consider the
question, like Wilson, as "essenti-
ally non-political, non-partisan, moral
and social in its nature." It is cer-
tainly a party-destroying issue when
so employed.

In the countries of the Orient the
shepherd never drives but always
leads his sheep. It is said that in
some remote sections of the sparsely
settled country there are men
who by the very goodness of their
personality, are enabled to handle
poisonous reptiles and ravenous
wild beasts without danger or harm,
their only protection being that in-
stinct which guides these ordinary
enemies of man into the assurance
that they are in safe hands. Some
may call it hypnotism or magnetic
power which accomplishes these
wondrous things, but it will be re-
membered the Savior of mankind

taught that, with perfect love and
belief, all these things—and more
of the kind—could be done.

Dr. H. H. Cherry, of Bowling
Green, has withdrawn from the
race for the Democratic nomination
for Governor. "The attempt to
force the State-wide Prohibition is-
sue into the campaign before the
Democratic party has expressed a
desire or purpose to abandon the
County Unit Law to which it is
pledged," is given as his principal
reason for abandoning the race. No-
body doubts Dr. Cherry's probi-
tion and temperance attitude, but
he is not a "State-wider." This
leaves yet in the running Messrs. A.
O. Stanley, of Henderson; H. V.
McChesney, of Frankfort; E. J. Mc-
Dermott, of Louisville; H. M. Bos-
worth, of Lexington, and John W.
Newman, of Versailles. Dr. Cherry
says he withdraws in the interest
of no man. Some political students
conjecture that it will help Stanley
most. This is problematical.

JUDGE O'REAR PROMISES TO MAKE AN EXPOSURE

Of Coterie Of Republicans Will-
ing To Trade Off Party
In State.

Frankfort, Ky., May 1.—Judge
E. C. O'Rear, who, in company with
Senator J. C. W. Beckham, will
make a speaking tour of the moun-
tains next week, declared to-day
that he will expose to the Eleventh
District Republicans the plans of a
coterie of Republican politicians in
another part of the State to trade
off the party in the State for sup-
port in local races. He promised
that what he will have to say to the
members of his party in their
stronghold will create something of
a sensation in Republican ranks.

The rumored deal is that in re-
turn for a non-committal platform
on State-wide prohibition, Louisville
Republicans will have the support
of certain favored interests in the
judicial races there this fall. What
a Democratic Legislature would do
in the way of reprisals for such a
combination has been the subject of
some discussion about the corridors
of the Capitol.

This much is known here, though
whether it has ever reached the
ears of Thomas B. McGregor, can-
didate for the Republican nomina-
tion for Attorney General, he has
declined to admit. An offer was
made to throw him down for that
nomination if John P. Haswell, for-
mer Assistant District Attorney at
Louisville, and former Marshal Geo.
W. Long, of Leitchfield, would go
on the ticket with Ed. P. Morrow
and join the Louisville organization.

BIRKHEAD ANNOUNCES FOR CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP

Elsewhere in The Herald to-day
appears the announcement of T. F.
Birkhead, who is a candidate for re-
election to the office of Circuit
Judge of this (the Sixth) Judicial
District, subject to the action of
Democrats on the first Saturday in
next August.

Judge Birkhead has made a splen-
did record during his incumbency
of office. He has brought to the
discharge of his duties a very high
degree of ability, coupled with an
efficient execution of the law. Few
of his decisions have been re-
versed by the Court of Appeals. He
has been energetic in keeping the
dockets clear and claims the dis-
tinction of having lessened the ex-
pense to the tax-payers in this Ju-
dicial District, since he has been in
office, more than \$90,000.

Judge Birkhead has expedited
the courts' progress at every avail-
able point and been zealous in his ef-
forts to save the expense of courts
and litigants. The dockets have
never been allowed to lag on his ac-
count. Jails have been kept reason-
ably clear of prisoners.

Judge Birkhead has stood for the
enforcement of the law and has dis-
charged his duties on the bench in
a commendable way. His experi-
ence and ability eminently qualify
him for the place which he holds
and which he seeks to retain.

Postmaster Examination.

The United States Civil Service
Commission announces that on Sat-
urday, May 22, 1915, an examina-
tion will be held at Hartford, Ky.,
as a result of which it is expected
to make certification to fill a con-
templated vacancy in the position of
fourth-class postmaster at Crom-
well, Ky., and other vacancies as
they may occur at that office, unless
it shall be decided in the interest
of the service to fill the vacancy by
reinstatement. The compensation
of the postmaster at that office was
\$356 for the last fiscal year.

A bomb dropped by a Zeppelin is
estimated to weigh about 460
pounds.

WAR AFFECTING TOBACCO TRADE

Exports Of Leaf Being
Cut Down.

MANUFACTURED STUFF HOLDS

Germany and Austria Practi-
cally Cut Off—Non-Com-
batants Economizing.

FUTURE MARKET IS PROMISING

Washington, May 1.—Despite the
increased consumption of tobacco in
the actual war zone, the economies
practiced by non-combatants in Eu-
rope and the inability to ship tobacco
to Germany and Austria, have
cut down the exports of leaf tobacco,
while manufactured American
tobacco is holding its own largely
as a result of increasing demands
from the Far East and Oceania,
says a bulletin issued by the De-
partment of Commerce.

The report says, in part:

"The United States is the great-
est producer of tobacco in the world
and the greatest exporter, the great-
est importer and the greatest con-
sumer. Our production of leaf of
all sorts averages somewhat more
than 1,000,000,000 pounds a year,
having a value to the producers of
about \$100,000,000. An enormous
quantity is exported—considerably
more than a third of the produc-
tion in normal years—for the sales
of tobacco abroad are excellent by
only seven of the many products
America sends to other countries.
These tobacco exports exceed in
value such items as cotton manu-
factures, electrical machinery, pa-
per and paper products and leather
and leather manufactures.

"To assist in promoting the big-
gest sale possible in foreign coun-
tries, the Bureau of Foreign and Do-
mestic Commerce has issued a re-
port entitled 'Tobacco Trade of the
World,' in which nearly every coun-
try is considered in its relative im-
portance as importer, exporter, pro-
ducer and consumer of tobacco.
Sales methods, the likes and dis-
likes of the consumer, the conduct
of monopolies, and some of the
very latest developments in the
trade are dealt with in the report.
The recent growth of the demand
for cigarettes in the Far East and
the discussion of its causes make
very interesting reading, and the
statistics are so arranged as to give
a comprehensive view of the whole
industry without requiring too much
work on the part of the reader. The
report is published as Special Con-
sular Reports, No. 68, and is sold
by the Superintendent of Docu-
ments, Government Printing Office,
Washington, for 5 cents a copy.

In reference to the German mar-
ket the report says:

"While the present conditions
cannot be considered favorable to
the extension of American trade
and the market of upward of 7,000
metric tons of leaf tobacco is prob-
ably lost for the present, yet with
the restoration of peace there will
undoubtedly be a greater demand
for leaf tobacco than ever before. It
will be noticed from the statistics
that the United States never partici-
pated to any great extent in the im-
ports and exports of finished prod-
ucts. There are several reasons for
this. In the first place, American-
made cigars are too highly flavored
for the German taste. Highly fla-
vored cigarettes are more popular
especially with the women. In the
second place, Germany is over-
equipped with cigar and cigarette
factories and the labor is so much
cheaper by comparison that it would
be almost impossible to compete
with German manufacturers. Fi-
nally the high protective tariff
would operate as a serious handi-
cap against any attempt of Ameri-
can manufacturers to enter this
market with cigars and cigarettes."

According to the report the loss
in leaf exports to neutral countries
in pounds is as follows:

Spain, 15,000,000; Netherlands,
9,000,000; Italy, 8,000,000.

LIKENS RESIGNS PLACE TO PROSECUTE CANVASS

Frankfort, Ky., May 1.—G. B. Li-
kens, of Hartford, Assistant State
Auditor, resigned to-day, and Audi-
tor Bosworth promoted Henry Ware,
of Frankfort, to succeed him. At
the same time Auditor Bosworth
filed a petition to have his name put
on the primary ballot as candidate
for the Democratic nomination for
Governor, remarking, "I think that
will answer reports being circulated
that I intend to get out of the race.
I intend to stay in because I am
sure of winning."

Mr. Likens also filed his petition

as candidate for the Democratic
nomination for Secretary of State.
"Up to this time," he said, "it has
not been necessary for me to leave
the office; but now I wish to enter
upon an active canvass, and I feel
that if I hold on to my position I
can do justice neither to the Com-
monwealth nor to myself."

Notice To Claimants.

All persons having claims against
the estate of John P. Foster, deceas-
ed, are hereby notified to present
same to the undersigned adminis-
trators at Hartford, Kentucky, prop-
erly proven, as the law directs, on
or before the 15th day of June,
1915, or they will be forever barred.
All persons knowing themselves in-
debted to this estate, by note or ac-
count, will please call and settle on
or before the above named date, as
we desire to wind up the business
as speedily as practicable.

ELLIS H. FOSTER,
WALTER FOSTER,

1514

Administrators.

COCKTAILS WERE THE START OF HIS DISGRACE

Says Man Charged With Rob-
bery Who Found Peace
In Confession.

New York, May 1.—A state of
emotional exaltation—"peace" he
calls it—has come to Phillip T.
White in the Raymond Street Jail,
Brooklyn, since his confession in
open court that while he was a re-
spected \$6,000-a-year business man
by day, he plotted robbery at night.
White was formerly sales manager
for John W. Masury & Son, paint
manufacturers in Brooklyn, and was
indicted for complicity in a robbery
of the firm's weekly pay-roll of \$3,-
000 on June 5, last. He will be
sentenced next Wednesday.

"It was the luncheon cocktail that
started my downfall," White said
to-day in his cell. "I had been a
poor boy and fought my way up.
Mr. Masury and I became more
than employer and employee. We
were friends, and it was the usual
thing to go out to lunch together.

"First I started with the cock-
tails. Then I added a few drinks of
wine, then a cold bottle, and finally
our luncheons became for me a
time when responsibility would fall
from my shoulders. He was pay-
ing the bills. He never knew that
I was being harmed.

"I suddenly began to realize that
the cost of the Broadway life was
getting away ahead of my salary. I
began drinking heavily. I shall never
forget the way I was swept from my
feet at the first thought of robbery."

Emulating the example of their
leaders, White and James F. Clin-
nin, the three men accused of actu-
ally committing the robberies also
pleaded guilty to-day. They were
Robert S. Roberts, Benjamin Moore
and Thomas H. Dally. They will be
sentenced Wednesday.

FARMERS ARE GETTING LESS FOR MEAT PRODUCTS

Washington, May 3.—Prices of
meat animals—hogs, cattle, sheep
and chickens—were lower on April
19 than for two years previously,
though they still were higher than
in 1911 and 1912, the Department
of Agriculture announced to-day.

Producers received an average of
\$6.59 per hundred pounds, compar-
ed with \$7.40 last year, \$7.35 in
1913, \$6.30 in 1912, \$5.50 in 1911
and \$7.74 in 1910.

Farmers sold beef cattle at \$5.96
per hundred this year, a decrease of

The Fly Question

Remember the time of the year is
now at hand that you should make
a fight against the pesky fly and
mosquito. Both of these "critters"
are very filthy and poisonous.
Therefore, it is necessary to guard
against them as much as possible.
The best way to do this is to call on
Dexter & Vincent, Centertown, and
get a supply of Screen Cloth and
Screen Doors, Hinges, Springs and
Anti-Sags. We carry a full line and
sell them worth the money.

Also handle a nice line of Roofing
ranging in price from \$1 to \$2. The
\$2 goods is fine as can be, the \$1
Roofing will keep you dry (when it
isn't raining).

Remember you take no risk in
buying an O. K. Stove from us. We
put them in your house and guaran-
tee every one to give satisfaction.
In case it doesn't give satisfaction
WE take it out and put in a new
one. But the latter is a job we
have never had to do.

Give us a trial.
DEXTER & VINCENT,
Centertown, Ky.

Men's Oxfords

Low Cut Shoes for Summer are a
great deal more pleasant and comfort-
able for Summer wear than Shoes.
They wear as well and are just as eco-
nomical for you to buy.

We have quite a big assortment of
styles in all leathers for you to select
from.

For over fifteen years we have sold
to young men and old the celebrated
KING QUALITY Shoes and Ox-
fords.

We can truthfully recommend these
shoes to you. We know what they are
by years of satisfactory service to our
customers.

Why should you take a chance?
Come to this Store. You can get a
pair of Oxfords priced at \$2.50, \$3,
\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.
Beaver Dam, Ky.

33 cents from last year; veal calves
\$7.31, a decrease of 37 cents; hogs
\$6.48, a decrease of \$1.32; sheep
\$5.60, an increase of 64 cents; lambs
\$7.35, an increase of 88
cents; milch cows \$57.78 each, a
decrease of \$1.82; horses \$131.75,
a decrease of \$6.20.
Wool, unwashed, averaged 22.7
cents per pound, an increase of 5.9
cents.

Long Campaign Foreseen.

New York, May 3.—A month ago
Lloyds charged 45 per cent for in-
surance against the ending of the

war before 1916, 25 per cent for in-
surance up to March 31, 1916, and
15 per cent up to June 30, next
year. It then was stated in London
that all these rates were falling and
could be shaded 5 to 7 1/2 per cent;
but current quotations published
this week name 55 per cent to cover
the rest of 1915. This rise in
rate is said to indicate a change of
feeling from the vague "peace talk"
of a few weeks ago to renewed be-
lief in a long campaign.

Some people get almost as badly
rattled as losing dice.

A Cash Buyer

In a credit house has no more
show than the proverbial snow
ball.

Don't Do It.

Don't put your good hard
earned cash against your neigh-
bor's credit. Come to our big
sale and buy all your goods at

Wholesale Prices.

It will open your eyes to see
how you can buy here.

J. T. VINSON & SON
BEAVER DAM, KY.

WE ARE PREPARED

We are prepared now to show you a splendid line of new Wash materials in Sheer Quality, plain White or Fancy fabric, that are so much in demand. These goods are very popular for your commencement dresses or midsummer wear. If interested call or write us and we will submit samples.

NEW MILLINERY every week.

Fine assortment of Slippers in Patent, Gun Metal, White, Black or Canvas. Late style Hosiery in Pure Silk or Silk Lisle in all the new shades, including the popular Palm Beach.

McCall patterns carried in stock and courteous salesladies to aid you in your selections. These are our inducements. Call and see us and remember that **IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.**

FAIR & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS



A Smart Waist and Skirt Box-Plated Front and Back

McCall Patterns Nos. 6571 and 6559, two designs which are included among the 50 models made for the month of June.

A small black bug, flat of body, that hops around much like a flea, is doing tobacco plants considerable damage in this county. It eats the leaves and kills the plants. Lack of plants will cause a very light crop of tobacco to be planted here.

The revival which has been in progress at the Christian church here for the past 15 days still continues, but will probably close out to-morrow night. It has been a splendid series of meetings. Five more converts were baptized in Rough river, just below the Iron bridge, Monday night.

By an oversight last week we failed to name Supt. Shults and wife among those who went from this county to the K. E. A. in Louisville. Supt. Shults also went to Clarkson, Grayson county, last Friday night and delivered the Commencement address to a class of fifteen graduates from the Clarkson High School.

The following people have remembered The Herald the past week: Mrs. Laura Stevens, Hartford; Dr. J. O. McKinney, Beaver Dam, Route 2; Messrs. J. D. Cooksey and C. D. Bean, Olaton; C. P. Brown, Hartford, Route 4; J. W. Parks and J. M. Paris, Hartford, Route 3; W. P. Leach, Beaver Dam; J. L. Bennett, Simmons; J. B. Leach, Plainview, Texas.

Mrs. Sam Rafferty died at her home at Select last Monday morning at 3 o'clock, after a short illness. She was stricken with paralysis the day before and never moved nor spoke again. Her husband died several years ago. She was buried at Select yesterday morning. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. Ann Norman, and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss, for she was a good woman.

During the lightning and hail storm which passed over this section Sunday afternoon the large new barn of Mr. F. W. Pirtle, living about five miles east of Hartford, was struck, set on fire and destroyed. Considerable feed stuff and other material, which was insured, was in the barn, though there was no insurance on the latter. The total loss was about \$2,000.

Farm Demonstrator Here.
Wallace W. Browder, Ohio county's new farm demonstrator, has come to Hartford to live and will be pleased to meet the farmers at the court house here next Saturday at 2 p. m. In addition to Mr. Browder's talk, there will be a man here from the U. S. Department of Agriculture who will speak on methods of prevention and cure of hog cholera. Farm matters in general will be discussed. Ohio county farmers are fortunate in having these great advantages of advice and demonstration, which are free to all who care to take an interest in the matter.

Mr. M. O. Hughes, of Bowling Green, District Manager of the Government Farm Department for Western Kentucky, was here yesterday to aid in starting off the farm demonstration work.

SCREENS.
Swat the fly! Certainly. But first try to keep him out with good screens. If the pesky critter does get in—and he seems bound to—then swat him. And you need good strong screens to stand the strain of the swat. It's screening time. Come in and get our prices on screens. We cut to the size you want if you are re-screening. Do it now or you'll have to swat more flies later than you want to.

ILER & BLACK.
For Sale—A Portable Saw Mill, in good condition. Will sell at great sacrifice. Must have the money.
J. S. YOUNG,
Olaton, Ky.

A hard shower of hail fell in Hartford and vicinity Sunday afternoon for a few minutes. It was the first hail shower here for a number of years.

Capt. John G. Keown is at home on a visit to his wife and other relatives here. He travels in Iowa for the J. I. Case Thrashing Machine Company.

Just one marriage license has been issued from the County Clerk's office the past week, and that was to Estill Keown, of Arnold, and Annie Belle Embry, of Balzeton.

The baseball game at Hartford Saturday between McHenry and the second team of Hartford resulted in the defeat of the home boys by a score of 9 to 3. It was a good game and there was some excellent playing done on both sides.

Mrs. C. R. Crowe, of Springfield, Ky.; Mrs. B. F. Atkinson and Miss Floy Atkinson, of Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. M. H. Prather, of Madisonville, Ky.; returned to their homes Friday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Acton, near Sulphur Springs.

Dr. Willis G. Short, of Durant, Ok., and Miss Fannie C. Green, of Louisville, were married recently in Ft. Worth, Texas, at the residence of Mrs. Mary McDaniel, a relative of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Eld. E. M. Waits, pastor of the Christian Church at Ft. Worth. Dr. Short is at present State Drug Inspector for Oklahoma and is a brother of Mrs. Dr. J. T. Miller, of Hartford.

Coroner A. B. Riley. The jury was composed of H. L. Tucker, president of the Rockport Coal Company; L. T. Reid, agent of the Standard Oil Company; E. A. Barnard, W. S. Nickel, George Dunn and J. E. Maddox. The following verdict was returned: "We, the jury, find that the deceased, Harrison Maddox, came to his death from the following causes: By a gunshot wound fired by the hands of some unknown person who is in a gang known as 'Possum Hunters.'"

NEGRO MAN FOUND WITH THREE SHOTS IN BODY

The body of Tom Martin, a trusted and well liked negro man, 38 years old, was found near the railroad track, not far from Echols, this county, early yesterday morning by Alex Hancock, a section hand, who was on his way to work. Coroner A. B. Riley, of Hartford, was called and an inquest was held over the body of Martin. Evidence indicated murder, as his body had received three shots from a 32-caliber revolver. It is presumed that Martin had also been robbed, as the pocket where he usually carried his pocketbook was empty. It is said he was accustomed to carrying various amounts of money with him, sometimes as much as \$20. He was a quiet, non-talkative darkey.

Martin was a simple-minded negro who was well liked and trusted by all his acquaintances. He lived at Rockport, but for a long while it had been his habit to walk to Echols, a little over a mile away, and do chore work around the Coal Company's store.

The coroner's inquest failed to reveal the direct cause of the killing or who was responsible for it, only as above conjectured.

Carload of Poultry Wanted.

Will receive at Dundee, Ky., all day on Monday, May 10, and Hartford, Tuesday, May 11, beginning at 10 o'clock. Will pay the following cash prices at both places:

Hens 12c
Roosters 6c
Ducks 10c
Geese 5c
Turkeys 9c
Guineas 15c each

Please do not feed your poultry on date of delivery, as poultry does not thrive that has been stuffed, and in addition to that, it runs our shrinkage up.
Last car of season. Please tell your neighbors.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.,
Hartford, Ky.

WALTER MARLOWE WAS KILLED BY LIGHTNING

The Owensboro Messenger of yesterday says:

The remains of Walter Marlowe, of Enid, Ok., arrived in the city Monday afternoon enroute to Reynolds, where the burial will take place this morning. Mr. Marlowe was a prominent citizen of Ohio county until several years ago when he and his family moved to Oklahoma. He was instantly killed last Thursday when struck by lightning. He was fifty-five years old, and besides his wife, he is survived by two daughters.

CASH PRICES.
Best quality Mixed Paint, any color, at \$1.40 per gallon.
Pure Lead 8c per pound.
Pure Linseed Oil 70c per gallon.
All kinds Building Material very low.

Extra Star-A-Star Shingles \$3.25 per 1,000.
Also 39 second-hand Sewing Machines, some good as new, from \$1 to \$10 each.
18tf HARTFORD MILL CO.

Cromwell Bank Quits.

Following an examination by Bank Examiner John B. Chenault and with the approval of Banking Commissioner Thomas J. Smith, the Cromwell Deposit Bank, of Cromwell, Ohio county, went into voluntary liquidation Thursday and will be liquidated by the Beaver Dam Deposit Bank which has guaranteed full payment to all depositors and creditors. The Cromwell bank was organized in 1906 with \$15,000 capital stock, but its proximity to other banking centers made it unprofitable.

Barred Rocks.

I have just bought from the estate of J. P. Foster 12 fine barred rock hens and the rooster that cost him \$25; also one fine rooster from Pope & Pope that I put in the pen with the 12 hens and I have penned the Foster rooster with my barred rock hens. I now have three fine pens. Eggs 15 for \$1.00; day-old chicks 15c each. Goshen and New York rooster in pen No. 3.
16tf J. C. ILLER, Hartford.

Human progress does not mean big navies and great armies, great men and oppressed laboring people—it only means making the world a better place for everybody to live in.

OUR tea is fine, all of it. We carry various kinds, and it is all good. You will not make a mistake if you try us on tea. Don't buy a cheap grade tea.

It's bad for you. Better not drink it at all. But our tea is all high grade, perfectly pure and beneficial. Try our coffee too. It is splendid.



ACTON BROS., - Hartford, Ky.

CIRCUIT COURT NOTES.

Warren Evans vs. I. C. R. R. Co.—verdict of jury \$5,000 for plaintiff. The plaintiff was represented by Attorneys Heavrin & Kirk.

Mary Coleman, &c., vs. A. P. Kelley, et al.—verdict of jury \$200. for plaintiff.

Com'th. vs. Bob Woodward, colored—verdict of jury guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of two years and ten days. Woodward was taken to the penitentiary Friday.

C. P. Morris vs. H. R. Kirtley, et al.—verdict for plaintiff \$35.

W. H. Williams vs. H. R. Bennett, et al.—verdict for defendant.

W. H. Collins, et al. vs. Bennett & Scammon—agreed judgment for plaintiff, \$100 and costs.

J. H. Thomas vs. C. M. Barnett, et al.—verdict of jury for plaintiff for \$493.75 against J. Ney Foster and dismissed as to C. M. Barnett.

CYCLONIC STORM VISITS OWENSBORO VICINITY

Owensboro, Ky., May 3.—A wind storm of cyclonic velocity visited Owensboro shortly after 7 o'clock to-night, doing considerable damage to property both in Owensboro and in the country district. The roof of the large building of the Owensboro Warehouse Company, on the river front between Daviess and Lewis streets, 125 feet in length and 25 feet wide, was blown away, the greater portion of the timbers striking the rear of the business buildings on Second street. Tons of timber and roofing were carried against the buildings. There were 1,200 hogsheads of tobacco in the warehouse.

J. Earl Faught's family, which resides over the store on Second street, was eating supper at the time of the storm. The heavy timbers and brick from the warehouse wrecked the rear of their building. Mrs. Faught was struck in the back by a brick, but not seriously injured.

An 8-months-old baby playing on the floor was uninjured. Round's jewelry store, M. Eberle's toy store, Glenn's drug store, and the T. J. Turley hardware and implement store were damaged by the timbers of the warehouse being blown against them.

In the country districts a number of fine barns were blown down by the heavy wind. The storm came from the northwest and was accompanied by a heavy rain and electrical display.

SEEDS.

It's seedtime now. If you haven't already begun your garden you'll find a fine variety of seeds here. The beauty about them is that they are brand new stock and bound to give you the best results. Speaking of gardens, do you need any new implements? Remember this store whenever you think of hardware. You have a big variety to select from, and the prices are just as low as we can make them.

ILER & BLACK.

George Tyro Dead.

George Tyro, aged 55, died at the home of his brother, Mr. Pendleton Tyro, on Main street, Hartford, last Wednesday morning between 5 and 6 o'clock. Funeral and burial took place at the Milton Taylor burying ground Wednesday afternoon at 3:30. George was well known in Hartford and was a brother of Mr. Pendleton Tyro, the Main street merchant. Eld. Gwinn, of the First Christian church, conducted the funeral services.



This grocery store aims to sell things first class at low prices. The fact that our many customers are satisfied proves that we are doing it.



Of successfully feeding horses differs somewhat from the FEEDING OF CATTLE, SHEEP, Pigs or poultry. Horses are fed to enable them to do the most work. Cattle are fed to produce milk or increase weight. Sheep to increase weight, and poultry for the production of eggs. We handle feed adapted to every purpose. Let us suggest the kinds from which you will get the best results.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
THE PRODUCE MERCHANTS
HARTFORD, KY.

NEW Jewelry Store NEW STOCK JUST IN.

Prices to suit the times. All kinds of repair work given prompt and careful attention. In Ament's old stand, across street from Barnes Bros. Give me a call. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

R. W. KING.
Expert Jeweler and Optician,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

PAINT

House Paint, Floor Paint, Porch Paint, Wagon Paint, Carriage Paint. Varnish Stain, Shingle Stain, Floor Varnish, Furniture Varnish, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Flat Koatt, Paint Brushes, Paints for various purposes. We handle good quality. Now is the time to Paint.

Write us for prices. We pay the freight.

Fordsville Planing Mill Co.
Incorporated.
JAKE WILSON, Mgr.,
Fordsville, Kentucky.

Subscribe for The Herald only \$1 y'r

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

Wire Cloth at S. L. King's.

Swan Hats.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

Manhattan Shirts.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

See our All-Wool Suits.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

Crossett Shoes and Slippers.

HUB CLOTHING CO.

"There's a Photographer" in Hartford.

SCHROETER.

For Cabbage and Sweet Potato Slips, see Albert Rial.

174

American Wire Fence—none better—call on U. S. Carson, Hartford.

For Oliver Riding Disc and Shovel Cultivators see

ACTON BROS.

Wire Cloth, any width from 24 to 40 inches, black and galvanized, at S. L. King's.

For Sale—One horse 16½ hands high. Good in harness, works well.

182 BAXTER W. NAPIER.

Mrs. Allen, of Chicago, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Jno. B. Wilson.

Attorney Ernest Woodward is away this week on a trip to Louisville, Hardinsburg and Pikeville.

For lowest prices on Farm and Poultry Fencing and Barbed Wire, call on

ACTON BROS.,

15tf Hartford, Ky.

Just in, large line Spalding Base Ball Goods—Balls, Bats and all kinds of Gloves.

ILER & BLACK.

Good motion picture show at Dr. Bean's Opera House Saturday night. Admission only a dime. It will be worth the price.

Ice—We are in the game to stay. Customers holding Ice Tickets get preferred service.

HOOVER BROS.

Everything in the chicken line. Little Grit and Charcoal Chicken Feed and Drinking Fountains.

ILER & BLACK.

Ice—Ten per cent. discount on Ice Tickets. We are in the business to stay. Ice delivered every day at the rate of 50c per hundred pounds, rain or shine.

HOOVER BROS.

The Hartford Herald

Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table at Beaver Dam, Ky.

North Bound. South Bound.
No. 132—5:05 a.m. No. 121—11:00 a.m.
No. 122—12:29 p.m. No. 101—2:46 p.m.
No. 102—3:31 p.m. No. 131—9:00 p.m.
J. E. Williams, Agt.

STATE'S TEACHERS ARE POORLY PAID

They Get From \$220 To
\$240 a Year.

VALUE OF ITS SCHOOLHOUSES

Averages Low—Many Of the
Log Cabin Type Are
Now Used.

EXPENDITURE MUCH TOO LOW

Washington, April 30.—Salaries paid to school teachers in the mountain region of Kentucky are very small, according to a report just issued by the Federal Bureau of Education. The compiler of the report is Norman Frost, whose experience in connection with Berea College at Berea, Ky., has given him recognition as an authority on education in the Appalachian Mountains.

His report shows that in one mountain county in Kentucky the average salaries paid to teachers are from \$220 to \$240 a year. In seven counties the average is \$240 to \$260. In ten counties the average is \$260 to \$280; in seven, \$280 to \$300; in three, \$300 to \$320; in two, \$320 to \$350, and in one, \$360 to \$380, this being the high-water mark.

The average value of school buildings in the Kentucky mountain region is correspondingly low. In one county the average value of school buildings is less than \$100. In eight it is from \$200 to \$300; in seven, from \$300 to \$500; in six, from \$400 to \$500; in five, from \$500 to \$600; in two, from \$600 to \$700, and in one, from \$800 to \$900.

There are still many school buildings of the log cabin type, without glass in the windows and with home-made benches. The annual expenditure per child in ten of the Kentucky mountain counties is less than \$5 and in 17 other counties it is between \$5 and \$6.

"The expenditure for education is much less than it should be," says the report. "Nowhere is it as much as the people can afford. Even where rates of taxation are high the valuation of property is often so low as to make the tax on actual values very low."

"Even with the expenses as low as they are it is still true that many of the teachers do not receive a salary large enough to support them for the entire year. This means that they must work at something else, and if they have ability enough to succeed at this other work, they soon stop teaching."

Congratulations.

The Desk Officer—Well, madame, what's the complaint?

The Complainer—Why, sir, I gave a man named Blinks, Jim Blinks, 75 cents to go to the court house and get a marriage license for me and him—an' he never came back.

The Desk Officer—I congratulate you ma'am. Good day.

EDITOR'S COMMISSION— HOW IT WAS FULFILLED

Says the Leitchfield, (Ill.) News-Herald: Not long ago a man came into this office and stopped his paper because he said it was always printing a lot of things about the same people and he said he was sick of it. Now when something goes wrong with the country the Government appoints a commission to investigate and find out what is the matter, and the first thing a commission investigates is the man who made the holler to see if the holler was a reasonable holler. So we appointed a commission consisting of ourselves to investigate this man. We just followed the man's career ever since we knew him. The first thing that happened to that man was that he was born, but he had nothing to do with it. However, we mentioned

him, although his parents were entitled to the credit. When he was in his early twenties he got married. We mentioned that, including the name of the bride, the preacher, etc., in fact we mentioned everything but the preacher's fee, which was not worth mentioning. We never mentioned the fact that he never won any premiums at the county fair, because he never exhibited anything. We never mentioned his name in the list of committees, because he never attended anything. We never mentioned his name in the list of donors, because he never donated as much as a doughnut. We certainly have been treating this man shamefully, but we will agree to run a nice obituary when the time comes.

WONDERFUL GROWTH OF LIQUOR LEGISLATION

The largest and most important part of our liquor legislation, statutory and judicial, has been created within a comparatively recent period. Thus the output of liquor law in the past forty years is more than all such law produced in the previous 600 years; that is, from the first brief reference to one measure of wine and ale in Magna Charta, in 1215, down to the year 1875. The authors of a recent work on intoxicating liquors, which contained nearly 27,000 citations, state that more cases have been reported since 1892 than had been reported previously thereto in all English-speaking countries.—[Case and Comment.]

THE FOLLY OF CREATING USELESS COMMISSIONS

All our States and the Federal Government suffer from the mania of creating useless commissions. Millions of dollars annually are wasted on gathering information which is buried upon dusty shelves and never once consulted. Each Legislature ignores the commission work of every preceding one. Each Congress goes upon the assumption that whatever a previous Congress did was of no human benefit.

So every new Congress and every Legislature sets out to create commissions and pile up new taxes to pay for them. It is one of the aggravated forms of Governmental waste. It is a species of extravagance no individual and no company could practice and escape bankruptcy. All political parties are equally guilty of this commission folly.

Hence it may be a good thing if President Wilson shall be able to create the great work of a permanent tariff board. That there should be a tariff board that never expires and whose findings every Congress could accept without question, can admit of no denial.

This board should have upon it only men of United States Supreme Court caliber, and that's the only type of men who should ever sit upon the Trade Commission. Besides, if the Trade Commission should devote much of its time to gathering facts upon which to base tariff laws, it would keep it from a regime of meddling which the country can well get along without.—[Philadelphia Ledger.]

No Use To Try and Wear Out Your Cold—It Will Wear You Out Instead.

Thousands keep on suffering coughs and colds through neglect and delay. Why make yourself an easy prey to serious ailments and epidemics as the result of a neglected cold? Coughs and colds sap your strength and vitality unless checked in the early stages. Dr. King's New Discovery is what you need—the first dose helps. Your head clears up, you breathe freely and you feel so much better. Buy a bottle to-day and start taking at once. (Advertisement)

Too Tender With It.

A physician tells a story of a philanthropic doctor in a Pennsylvania coal mining town who presented each household with a nice new thermometer and told the people the necessity of maintaining the proper temperature. When making the rounds one day he observed his thermometer hanging in the room. He inquired of the woman of the house if she had remembered his instructions.

"Indeed, sir, I do," was the response. "I hang it right up there and I watch it carefully to see it does not get too high."

"Good," exclaimed the doctor, "and what do you do when the temperature rises above 70 degrees?"

"Why, sir," answered the woman with the air of one faithful to a trust, "when it gets too high I take it down and put it outside until it cools off."

Governor Strong, of Alaska, reports that the white population of the territory is estimated at 39,000, an increase of 3,000 over last year's estimate. The area is 590,884 square miles, and the density of population at the last federal census was one inhabitant to ten square miles of area.

POEMS YOU'LL ENJOY. The Herald's Special Selections

"A SNAKE OF A MAN."

Somebody poisoned my dog to-day,
Though he never did any one ill,
And so he is through with his canine play
And his waggley tail is still.

No more shall I walk in the fields
With him
Along at my side to jog
And—I don't care if my eyes are dim—
Somebody poisoned my dog!

He was homely, I know, as a dog
could be,
And only a mongrel, too;
But I loved the old fellow and he loved me

As people and dogs may do,
Nothing on earth could disturb his trust
Or his love and his faith befog,
And now he lies here at my feet, in the dust—
Somebody poisoned my dog!

He crawled to my side and licked my hand,
And then with a gasp he died;
And—though some people can't understand—
I patted his head—and cried!

For it isn't funny to lose a friend
From off of this earthy cog,
And he was loyal unto the end—
Somebody poisoned my dog!

I wonder how any one could have done
This poor old fellow harm;
But here he lies—his race is run—
Though his body's still soft and warm.

My life is lived on a peaceful plan,
My pace is a quiet jog,
But—I wish I could find the snake
of a man
Who poisoned my faithful dog.

Postage Stamps.

The American public consumes 40,000,000 postage stamps per day. By the ordinary methods of printing postage stamps this process costs the Government a tremendous sum annually. By the invention of one machine by the officials of the bureau of engraving and printing the cost of manufacturing stamps has been reduced 27 per cent. The new stamp machine eliminates nineteen of the operators in making stamps, goes through twenty-one different operations of its own and turns out 4,000 complete stamps per minute and 2,400,000 in a ten-hour day.

Whenver You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

THE PLAN OF GETTING PEOPLE BACK ON FARMS

The State of North Dakota has begun to put into operation a plan which should bring thousands of new settlers within the next year. The Legislature has appropriated \$60,000 for the promotion of immigration in the next two years. R. F. Flint, Commissioner of Agriculture, has given an impetus to the plan by asking the co-operation of all the country newspapers in the State to induce their readers to write personal letters to old friend "back home." Those farmers who are well situated and who have prospered are urged to write their friends and relatives in the older States, in the cities and in Europe, too, telling them of their success, of the resources of the State, how they raise corn, clover, alfalfa, cat-

tle and hogs and in fact, to try and induce those friends to break away from the cities and the older communities and settle in North Dakota.

The plan seems to be a good one and doubtless will result in a great gain in the population of North Dakota. But the plan need not be confined to that State alone. Any prosperous rural community can benefit itself if its energetic men and women will help to spread the gospel of country life. Almost every one of our readers can think of some friend or relative now struggling along in some town or city, who, if transplanted to a modest farm, would be healthier, happier and more prosperous than they are at present. Let our readers try the North Dakota plan. Write to your friends, tell them what you are doing and what you mean to do; point out to them that farming to-day is not what it was 40, 30 or even ten years ago. Pass a good thing along. You will be doing your friends a favor and you will be helping the community and yourself.

BIG CLUBBING OFFER.

Below we submit the greatest clubbing offer we have ever made in connection with The Herald:

Hartford Herald 1 year.....\$1.00
Boys' Magazine, monthly..... 1.00
Cin. Weekly Enquirer 1 yr..... 1.00
To-Day's Magazine, mo..... .50
Farm & Fireside, semi-mo..... .50
Poultry Pointers, monthly..... .25

Total.....\$4.25

We will send the whole bunch, one year each, to any address for only \$1.65. Did you ever hear of the like? Subscribe NOW. Address The Herald, Hartford, Ky. tf

Many a man gets stoop-shouldered from carrying around a feeling of responsibility for things that are none of his business.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1885.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Fine Monumental Work



We have the largest, finest and best equipped Monumental Works in whole Western Kentucky.

Carving and Lettering with pneumatic tools.

An "up-to-the-minute" equipment for fine Monumental work.

Thirty-seven years of honest business reputation and experience is back of every Monument that is sold by us. Remember there is only one Geo. Mischel & Sons in Owensboro and that is on East Main Street, Owensboro, Ky.

Get our prices before placing orders elsewhere.

Geo. Mischel & Sons, Owensboro, Ky.
INCORPORATED.

Send Us Your Mail Orders

FOR

Silks Dress Goods

Wash Goods

Linens and

Domestic Linings

Laces and Embroideries

Veilings

Neckwear and

Handkerchiefs

Dress Trimmings

Infant's Wear

Housefurnishings

Shoes Art Goods

Trunks and Bags

Gloves

Ribbon Notions

Stockings

Jewelry

Leather Goods

Toilets Men's

Furnishings

Millinery

Waists

Muslin Underwear

Corsets

Suits Coats and

Dresses

Lace Curtains

Any of this
Merchandise
Can be Sent
at Once by
PARCEL POST
Send for
Style Sheet for
Fall and Winter
also Complete
Style Book

We Give and Redeem Surety Coupons

Ask For Attractive Folders

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

LOUISVILLE,

KENTUCKY.

Many People in This Town never really enjoyed a meal until we advised them to take a

Reall Dyspepsia Tablet

before and after each meal. Sold only by us—25c a box.

James H. Williams.

THIS WOMAN WAS VERY UNHAPPY

Physically and Mentally Worn Out—Tells How Nervous and Crying Spells Were Ended by Vinol.

Monmouth, Ill.:—"I was weak, worn-out and nervous. I had no appetite and was getting so thin and discouraged, one day I just broke down and cried when a friend came in and asked me what was the matter. I told of my condition and how nothing I took seemed to do me any good. Vinol was suggested. I got a bottle and before it was half gone I could eat and sleep well. I continued its use and now my friends say I look ten years younger, and I am well, healthy and strong. I wish I could induce every tired-out, worn-out, nervous woman to take Vinol."—Mrs. HARRIET GALE, Monmouth, Ill.

There are many over-worked, tired-out, careworn, nervous women in this vicinity who need the strengthening, tissue building, and vitalizing effects of Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, and so sure are we that it will build them up and make them strong that we offer to return their money if it fails to benefit.

Vinol is a delicious preparation of the extract of cod liver oil and peptonate of iron and contains no oil.

James H. Williams, druggist, Hartford, Ky., Vinol is sold in Beaver Dam, Ky., by Z. Wilbur Mitchell.

AN OPENING

Where money can be saved, is what everybody is looking for. When you are in need of jewelry you can save money if you buy of us.

Write for our FREE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

G. P. BARNES & CO.

Jewelers & Opticians
504 W. Market St.
LOUISVILLE, - KY.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Clears and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores Pale to Reddish Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS GIVEN QUICK RELIEF



Pain leaves almost as if by magic when you begin using "5-Drops," the famous old remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia and kindred troubles. It goes right to the spot, stops the aches and pains and makes life worth living. Get a bottle of "5-Drops" today. A booklet with full directions for use. Don't delay. Demand "5-Drops." Don't accept anything else in place of it. Any druggist can supply you. If you live too far from a drug store send One Dollar to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Newark, Ohio, and a bottle of "5-Drops" will be sent prepaid.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD.

Practically a daily at the price of a weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The year 1914 has been the most extraordinary in the history of modern times. It has witnessed the outbreak of the great European war, a struggle so titanic that it makes all others look small.

You live in momentous times, and you should not miss any of the tremendous events that are occurring. No other newspaper will inform you with the promptness and cheapness of the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World. Moreover, a year's subscription to it will take you far into our next Presidential campaign.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the Hartford Herald both one year for only \$1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Just think of it! Four papers a week, one year, for only \$1.65.

OFF-TOLD NARRATIVE OF DOG'S DEVOTION

It Often Exceeds That of Some Mothers and of Many Men.

The dog of a French soldier followed him to the war, lived with him in the trenches and shared his blanket at night. A shell killed a dozen men and buried this one, badly wounded, in a trench which the explosion half filled with earth. The dog dug frantically for his master and managed to expose his face before he suffocated. Then he seized other soldiers by their clothing and finally succeeded in drawing them to the scene. They unearthed their comrade and put him on a hospital train, into which the dog also managed to force his way. At the hospital, near Paris, the man's leg was amputated, and the devotion of the dog was such that the attendants found a kennel for him near the kitchens and allowed him to visit his master twice a day. His love for the wounded man was so great and his sympathy with his suffering so evident as to touch the hearts of all who saw it.

What does it mean? Here is devotion which exceeds that of some mothers—of many men. Here is affection manifested in a lower order of life which equals our own. It is probably true that the dog is of all animals the most capable of sincere, self-denying attachment, these higher qualities having been developed by long and close companionship with men. He can subordinate himself more completely and enter into man's feelings more sympathetically than any other form of life; yet how friendly and how loving to the extent of their capacity would all the furred and feathered folk of the woods and fields be, if only man would meet them half way. How the birds would delight to sing for him if their confidence had not been destroyed by ages of persecution. There are Hindus who assert, as a fact, within their experience, that there are kindly men who respect all animal life whom neither tigers nor snakes will harm. An immunity of this sort was assured of old to believers, but it would seem that nobody has sufficient faith to make trial of it nowadays.—[Rochester Post-Express.]

Health Promotes Happiness.

Without health, genuine joy is impossible; without good digestion and regular bowel movement you cannot have health. Why neglect keeping bowels open and risk being sick and ailing? You don't have to. Take one small Dr. King's New Life Pill at night. In the morning you will have a full, free bowel movement and feel much better. Helps your appetite and digestion. Try one to-night. (Advertisement)

TOAST TO LAUGHTER.

Here's to laughter, the sunshine of the soul, the happiness of the heart, the leaven of youth, the privilege of purity, the echo of innocence, the treasure of the humble, the wealth of the poor, the bead of the cup of pleasure; it dispels dejection, banishes blues and mangles melancholy; for it's the foe of woe, the destroyer of depression, the enemy of grief; it is what kings envy peasants, plutocrats envy the poor.

IT'S SURPRISING

That So Many Hartford People Fail To Recognize Kidney Weakness.

Are you a bad back victim? Suffer twinges, headaches, dizzy spells?

Go to bed tired—get up tired? It's surprising how few suspect the kidneys.

It's surprising how few know what to do.

Kidney trouble needs kidney treatment.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only.

Have convinced Hartford people of their merit.

Here's a Hartford case; Hartford testimony.

Kidney sufferers hereabouts should read it.

Daniel King, Hartford, Ky., says: "I suffered intensely from pains in my sides and in the small of my back. Doan's Kidney Pills had been used by friends with such fine results that I thought I would try them. I got them at the Ohio County Drug Co., and one box permanently cured me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. King had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

the guilty envy the innocent; it's the sheen on the silver of smiles, the ripple on the water's delight; the glint of the gold of gladness; without it humor would be dumb, wit would wither, dimples would disappear and smiles would shrivel, for it's the glow of a clean conscience, the voice of a pure soul, the birth cry of mirth, the swan-song of sadness.

WONDERFUL PRODUCTS OF SOUTH'S COTTON SEED

From the Census Bureau comes the report that to January 1, 1915, the oil mills had crushed 5,493,000 tons of cottonseed. This by no means represents the entire crop, which, according to the estimated yield of cotton, should exceed 8,000,000 tons.

A ton of seed yields in the neighborhood of 250 pounds of crude oil. When refined it enters largely into food products. Some of the best "olive oil" of the Levant was produced in the South. Salad and table oils, lard compounds, are some of its uses. In fact, wherever table oils or cooking fats are used cottonseed oil appears. It is used for settling olives and packing sardines, and in medicinal compounds and soap making. It is made into a wholesome butter to reduce the high cost of living, and then, to "protect" the cow, a tax of 10 cents a pound is imposed on it, and the cost of living remains undisturbed.

But, valuable as the oil is, the meal remaining after the oil is extracted could be made of much greater importance. It is now used as a fattening food for live stock, but it would seem as if a little experimental work would make it a nutritious food for man. It contains more digestive protein than the best of wheat. Too rich to be used separately, it is possible to blend it with wheat flour and make a wholesome food.

Our great wheat crop was the equivalent of 100,000,000 barrels of flour. The cotton crop should furnish sufficient meal to equal at least 30,000,000 barrels of flour—almost one-sixth the wheat crop. Some of the people have been crying for an embargo on wheat. Would it not be better to turn attention to the means at our hands for increasing the flour supply and make it possible to sell more wheat?—[Wall Street Journal.]

THE LOAN.

"Theatrical people," said Butler Glaenzner, poet and raconteur, at the Players in New York, "are very loose and careless about money matters. A leading man told me yesterday how he was invited to Atlantic City over Sunday by a well known manager.

"Ah!" the leading man said, "just my chance to borrow \$500—the chance I've been looking for so long!"

"So he went down to Atlantic City, and he and the manager had a fine time.

"But he postponed asking for the loan. They golfed Sunday morning—and he hated to spoil the game. They motored Sunday afternoon—and it seemed a shame to stain that exhilarating run with sordid money talk. In the evening, over their coffee and liquors and big cigars—well, in the evening the leading man, all rosy from his fine day, decided to postpone his request till the next morning on the train back to town.

"But in the morning at breakfast, as he now ate superb ham and eggs, and gazed at the breaking blue waves, and even composed the speech wherewith he would ask for his loan, the head waiter came to him and said:

"Your friend, sah, has gwine back to Boston, sah. He left this here note."

"The leading man, very pale, opened the note and read:

"Dear George—Wired for and had to take first train. Kindly pay the bill and let me know what I owe you when we next meet in town.

"TAKE."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

A War Acrostic.

For the name of the present European war, read down the following first letters of each name:

Germany,
Russia,
Austria,
Belgium,
France,
England,
Serbia,
Turkey.

Seeing is believing. So is hearing, with some people.

\$20 INCREASE PER ACRE ON LAND ADJOINING ROADS BUILT UNDER NEW STATE AID LAW

This State Aid Law for Building Good Roads Promises To Be the Greatest Blessing Ever Brought To Kentucky Land Owners, If the Burden of the Taxes Is Not Thrown Upon Them Through Unwise Legislation.



The new and greater Kentucky, as a result of wise legislation, as against the old Kentucky, with unwise legislation, high taxes, bad roads, poor schools and worse school houses. Which do you prefer?

An increase of at least \$20 an acre on the value of all lands adjoining improved roads built under the new State Aid Law is estimated by expert calculators who have gone into the subject very thoroughly.

The building of these public highways will also increase all other lands in proportion in every county and district.

This most notable forward step will prove the greatest blessing that has ever come to the land owners of Kentucky.

It is the intent of this law that all taxable property shall bear its proportionate burden of taxation for this State Fund for road building.

It was not intended that the land owner, though possibly receiving the greatest benefit, should bear the greatest part of the tax burden. Such great sources of revenue as our railroad properties, distilleries, financial institutions and manufacturing enterprises will bear their just part, as well as all other taxable property. The throttling or crippling of any of these great resources by hostile legislation must lay a heavier burden upon the land owners and other tax payers.

More than 100 counties have already levied a tax upon themselves in order to take advantage of this State Aid Law for the building of Good Roads in their respective sections. This year alone the fund amounts to \$658,220. This sum will be increased by levies in these counties so that the sum expended will probably exceed two million dollars.

It is estimated that at least 6,000 miles of good roads will be completed under this new State Aid Law within the next 15 years, costing when completed approximately thirty millions of dollars. It is also estimated that the expenditure of the two million dollars this year will increase the value of property to the extent of at

least twenty-five millions of dollars in the counties where these roads are built.

This is a splendid beginning. What a difference this will make to the land owners, the farmers and all others who make use of county roads, whether for business or pleasure. There are many fine farms in Kentucky 20 or more miles from the railroad that are not worth half as much as if they were near a railroad station, for the reason that it is too far to haul farm products to market over the old-fashioned dirt roads, which are practically impassable for nearly half of the year.

What a difference, though, when these same farms shall have been connected with the railroad or the market with a good State road over which it is easy to drive and haul as compared with the old roads. To haul a large load over a good road, even twenty miles, is easier and quicker than to haul it over five miles of the old time winter mud road. These good roads, therefore, will bring the distant farm nearer to the market and add greatly to the profits of the products of the farm.

Under the supervision of competent state and county road engineers, county seats and the most populous sections of the State will be connected by improved public highways, bringing the church, school and market nearer the door of every family. Then will come a new era of prosperity in Kentucky. With the markets thus of ready access, the farmer can market his products of all kinds to better advantage in every way—do it in less time, with more ease, less cost and greater profit than ever heretofore.

While good roads are more necessary and of more economic importance than possibly any other civic improvement to which the people of the State can turn their attention, there are other important things to be done. Such wholesome tax reforms must be

inaugurated as will make it easy to raise money to carry on these great works of public improvement, without laying too heavy a burden upon the tax payers, many of whom are now bearing their fair share, and sometimes more than their share. The State's revenues are not sufficient by nearly a million dollars a year to meet

the expenses of government. These expenses have to be met out of the taxes paid on the property of our citizens.

Any legislation that would tend to cripple or render less valuable any of the great tax-paying industries of the State, will necessarily transfer the burden to the farmer, merchant and home owner.

It is time for every tax payer to demand that his Representative in the Legislature consider these facts. It is time for them to call a halt to the destruction, or threatened destruction, by hostile legislation, of property interests in the State from which we derive our greatest revenues.

In other words, industries and enterprises that pay the largest taxes and make possible the great benefits to be derived from good roads, good schools, and improvements in agriculture, must not be destroyed or driven from the State.

Good roads bring the country folk and city folk into closer contact—means a broader gauged, hand-in-hand attitude toward public matters, toward public good. May our legislators and every citizen of the Commonwealth look forward to, plan and work together for a greater Kentucky; to conserve every source of revenue for meeting the State's obligations, keeping it out of debt; lowering the burden of taxation; placing it where it belongs and not throw the burden of the land owner nor any other one class. May this new dawn of a greater Kentucky forever put a stop to any movement that would tend to cripple or destroy any of our great industries.

Good Roads or no good roads, we can never move forward and take our place in the galaxy of great States around and about us in progressiveness, education, wealth and industry, until we have become constructive rather than destructive in our legislation.

Now For a Greater Kentucky, Better Roads, Better Schools and Lower Taxes

ODD BITS OF NEWS.

Kirkville, Mo.—Andy Hunsacker did not believe that he had appendicitis and when the surgeon operated he insisted upon the use of a local anaesthetic only. It was administered and Hunsacker watched the operation closely. He had appendicitis, all right.

Mandan, N. D.—The dangers attendant upon taking a bath were illustrated here last week when Mike Keating, who had not "sustained" a bath for 20 years, was given one and died. Physicians had advised against the bath, it is claimed.

Syracuse, N. Y.—To encourage tree planting, the New York State College of Forestry here offers trees at cost for Arbor Day.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Mrs. L. O. Matthews while fishing off the pier at Venice, Cal., dropped a \$350 diamond ring into the sea. Divers could not locate it. Fay Williams, fish dealer, while preparing his stock for sale a few days later, found a diamond ring in the stomach of a fish. He notified Mrs. Matthews and the police. They called, the ring was identified and the honest fish dealer given a substantial reward.

Union, N. Y.—Frank Rise, a 17-year-old boy, who has peddled popcorn and peanuts about Union and Endicott, has confessed that twice last month he attempted to wreck Erie trains in Union. His only excuse is said to be that he wanted to see a big wreck.

Violet, Texas.—Joe Hoelscher died here last week, aged only 85. He left twelve children the combined weight of whom is 3,060 pounds or an average of 255 pounds each. These twelve heavyweights have 85 children and 65 grandchildren.

Harrisburg, Pa.—Representative Frederick Beyer, of Philadelphia, a revolver is a nickle-plated substitute for bravery, which has practically driven the original article out of the market.

The revolver gives a puny man with a 5-8-inch brain and the pluck of a grasshopper a 100-yard reach and makes him more deadly than a Sioux Indian. There was a time when this country had no dangerous animals, except bears and wolves and life was safe, except on the frontiers, but now vast hordes of 16-year-old boys who use their skulls for a dime novel bookcase, roam the streets with cigarettes in their face and portable cannon in their hip pockets, producing obituaries with the skill and enthusiasm of a cholera microbe; while it is at all times possible to meet a personal enemy who has been chasing you for a week, and who is reluctantly compelled to defend himself when he catches you by filling you so full

has prepared a series of bills in which he will propose that special elections be held every three years in each county to determine whether the exhibition of moving pictures, manufacture and sale of tobacco, licensing of public garages, selling of liquors in chartered clubs, the manufacture and sale of chewing gum, the sale of coffee and tea and the eating of pork or meat Fridays, would be permitted.

Batavia, N. Y.—Albert H. Call, a swine breeder, has discovered that soft coal will prevent hog cholera. He dumps a quantity of coal into the pens and the hogs consume it.

Women On Farms.

Few people realize how many women hire out on farms for field labor. In this country there are a million and a half women field workers—more than all the women dressmakers, milliners, women tailors, hat, cap, collar, cuff and shirt workers combined.

How To Give Quinine To Children.

FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Taster's Brand, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The same FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

REVOLVERS.

A revolver is a nickle-plated substitute for bravery, which has practically driven the original article out of the market.

The revolver gives a puny man with a 5-8-inch brain and the pluck of a grasshopper a 100-yard reach and makes him more deadly than a Sioux Indian. There was a time when this country had no dangerous animals, except bears and wolves and life was safe, except on the frontiers, but now vast hordes of 16-year-old boys who use their skulls for a dime novel bookcase, roam the streets with cigarettes in their face and portable cannon in their hip pockets, producing obituaries with the skill and enthusiasm of a cholera microbe; while it is at all times possible to meet a personal enemy who has been chasing you for a week, and who is reluctantly compelled to defend himself when he catches you by filling you so full

Defined

We hardly look for humor in a medical dictionary, yet one recently published defines, "shouts" as "an unpleasant noise produced by overstraining the throat, for which great singers are paid well and small children are punished."

THAT COLD YOU HAVE

may bring sickness, doctors bills and loss of work; you know that serious sickness usually starts with a cold, and a cold only exists where weakness exists. Remember that.

Overcome the weakness and nature cures the cold—that is the law of reason. Carefully avoid drugged pills, syrups or stimulants; they are only props and braces and whips.

It is the pure medicinal nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that quickly enriches the blood, strengthens the lungs and helps heal the air passages.

And mark this well—Scott's Emulsion generates body-heat as protection against winter sickness. Get Scott's at your drug store to-day. It always strengthens and builds up.

14-51 Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Professional Cards

BARNES & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
HARTFORD, - KENTUCKY.

Messrs. W. H. Barnes and C. E. Smith announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law, except criminal and divorce cases. Mr. Smith being County Attorney, is prevented from practicing such cases. Mr. Barnes will individually accept such practice. Office in Hartford Republican Building, Hartford, Ky.

J. M. PORTER,
Attorney at Law,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties. Special attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

FRANK L. FELIX,
Attorney at Law,
HARTFORD, KY.

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals. Criminal practice and Collections a specialty. Office is the Herald building.

The Hartford Herald

EL. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.
No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch... 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington... 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington... 5:46 p. m.
Ar. Louisville... 8:30 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville... 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington... 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington... 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch... 1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford... 8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford... 6:15 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

POISONOUS GAS FUMES

FELT FOR HALF A MILE

Germany's Latest Form of Warfare Proved a Most Effective Method.

Havre, France, May 1.—The official Belgian committee appointed to investigate reported violations of the laws of nations has addressed to Minister of Justice Wiat a report on the use by the Germans of asphyxiating gases. It is stated that gaseous clouds extending 300 feet into the air were carried away from the German lines by the wind. The clouds were green in color at the base, gradually shading to light yellow toward the top. Several kinds of gases appear to have been used, including chlorine, the nitrous vapors of sulphurous anhydride and others, the nature of which has not yet been determined.

Four methods were employed, the report states, in generating these gases. The first was to light fires in the first line of trenches and permit the wind to blow the gas formed toward the line of the Germans' positions. The three other methods involved enclosing the gas in some kind of missile. These included cans thrown either by hand or mine howitzers, cylinders of compressed gas or shells containing compounds which were transformed into gas when they exploded.

The effects of the fumes were felt at a distance of half a mile. They produced a kind of stupor which lasted for three or four hours.

A German prisoner belonging to the Sixteenth Army Corps, who was taken on April 15, stated that gas cylinders were placed along the entire front held by this corps. There was one every six feet, and men specially instructed in their use were told to see that they produced the desired effect. These men were provided with smoke helmets, while respirators were distributed to all the soldiers.

SULPHUR SPRINGS.

May 3.—We are having the longest dry spell in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Had a light shower Sunday eve that did a lot of good, but the ground is very dry yet.

More corn planted than was ever known at this season. Tobacco plants very scarce and some growers are planting their ground in corn. Wheat, rye and grass looking well considering the dry weather.

Mrs. J. W. Morris, of near Jingo, who has been very low for several months with a lung trouble, is no better and is expected to live but a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. William Russ, of Wysox, are visiting Mrs. Russ' brother and sister, Mr. J. A. Ballard and Mrs. Adolphus Murphy.

Mr. Marion Duvall, of Millwood, who has been making an extended visit to his aunts, Mrs. Mary E. Miller and Mrs. Ellen Lisenberry, has returned home.

J. S. Miller, of Sunnydale, sold his farm last week to a man from Hancock county whose name we did not learn. Mr. Miller will stay on the farm this season.

Mr. J. J. Toms and wife, who have been visiting Mr. Toms' father in Edmondson county, are expected home to-day.

Mrs. Cora Ballard, wife of J. A. Ballard, who has been ill for several months, is improving and her friends hope she will soon gain her health.

CLEAR RUN.

May 3.—Miss Zoda Raymond, of Adaburg, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Ira D. Funk, the past two weeks, returned home Sunday.

Mr. Cicero Patton and mother, of Adaburg, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Patton Saturday.

Mrs. C. T. Funk is on the sick list.
Mr. Luther Hoover and family, of Colorado, are visiting friends and relatives here. They are accompanied by Mrs. Kit Carson, of Beaver Dam.

Misses Nina Westerfield, Mabel

Brooks, and Mr. Otis Moseley, of Buford, attended church here Sunday and dined with Miss Ethel Funk.

Mrs. Florence Allen and granddaughter, Sudie Allen, of Dukehurst, visited relatives at this place Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Ashby, wife and child, of Central Grove, were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. R. E. Fuqua Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Bernie Taylor, wife and baby, of Bells Run, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kirk Sunday.

Master Erton Dale Tichenor, of Beda, is spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. Ira D. Funk.

BEAVER DAM.

May 3.—Two funeral services were conducted in the Baptist church here last week. The first was that of Mrs. Anas, whose home was near Cromwell. She was the eldest daughter of the late Thomas Maddox. She died Tuesday evening of last week. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Birch Shields Wednesday evening, after which she was laid to rest with the family group in the Baptist cemetery.

The saddest death that has occurred in our town of late was that of Mrs. Leizetta Stevens, wife of Richard Stevens, last Thursday. She did her household work, later dining heartily at the noon meal. She was soon taken suddenly ill. After everything was done to relieve her of her suffering the end came. She lived only two hours after she was taken ill. Heart failure was the trouble. She was the daughter of Mr. Martin Coleman and 71 years old. She married Richard Stevens in 1869 and is survived by her husband and four of her own children—three boys and one girl—four step-children, these being Mr. Benona Stevens, of El Paso, Texas, and his three sisters. She was a noble christian woman and had been a member of the Methodist church from her girlhood days. No one was ever heard to speak evil of "Aunt Zetta," as she was called. The last word she spoke was to her step-daughter, Mrs. Hocker, to take care of her frail old father, that she had to die. After funeral services conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett at the Baptist church, her remains were interred in the Paxton burying ground by the side of her daughter, who preceded her some years ago.

Born to the wife of Mr. George Newton, the 29th, a fine big boy, Mother and child doing well.

Mrs. Edgar Vaughn, of Herrin, Ill., and Mr. and Mrs. Orval Taylor and babe, Hamilton, O., are visiting their father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Taylor, this week.

Mr. Cicero Lyles, while working at a shingle machine, accidentally cut off three of his fingers last week.

Notice.

Get your Fertilizer, Field Seeds and Farming Implements from
D. L. D. SANDERFUR,
1613 Beaver Dam, Ky.

HOPEWELL.

May 3.—Quite a number of our neighbors attended the unveiling of the monument of Mr. Karl Campfield by the Woodmen of the World lodge at the Silas Taylor cemetery. The ceremony was very nice and was witnessed by a large crowd.

Harrison Maddox, of color, who was shot the first of last week, died Friday and was buried at the Echols cemetery by the colored Masonic order Saturday.

There have been two preachers from the "old country" (Ireland) holding a meeting at the Paradise schoolhouse for about four weeks. They preach good, sound doctrine.

Mrs. J. R. Shull is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. V. Bennett, of Central City.

Misses Lena and Elsie Russell spent last Saturday night with Misses Katie and Iris Ellitt, of Wysox.

BENNETT'S.

May 3.—Rev. Joe Acton, of Olaton, delivered a fine sermon at Hamlin Chapel Sunday. He will preach at this place every first Sunday.

Misses Eula and Amy Bean, of Dundee, were the guests of Miss Wilda Chinn Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Hattie Allen visited Miss Jennie McDowell, of Concord, from Friday till Sunday.

Miss Vera Hawkins returned Saturday to Lagrange, Ky., to her usual work as stenographer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tatum, Simmons, were the guests of relatives here last week.

We all strive for the unattainable. There is no such thing as the biggest half, yet we all want it.

To Drive Out Malaria

And Build Up The System
Take The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents

TOLL OF THE AUTO.

One hundred and twenty-eight human lives were lost in automobile accidents in the United States in April just ended.

Two hundred and ten persons were injured, 56 seriously.

Speed cost the lives of five score. Speed resulted in the injury of ten score others.

Twelve cars, moving at great speed, their drivers trying to beat a train over crossings, were hit by locomotives.

Seventy cars, "hitting it up," skidded. In every instance human life forfeiting.

Records show that 18 pedestrians were killed. In several instances the fault, Coroners' juries found, rested on the pedestrian. In the majority of cases, however, the cars crushing out the lives were speeding.

A significant feature of the April record is that many accidents were due to the acts of drivers who had recently purchased machines.

Illinois springs to the front with an April record of 33 killed. This figure includes the Chicago city list. Pennsylvania witnessed 30 fatal crashes. The list of injured who survived accidents totals 18.

Seventeen persons were killed in auto crashes in Massachusetts. New York State was the scene of 16 fatalities. The number of injured is high.

Thirteen persons were killed in Michigan—six in Detroit alone.

Seven Ohioans met death and 15 others were badly injured.

California reports seven deaths and more than a score injured.

Georgia saw two deaths and twelve serious accidents that did not have fatal results.

YOUNG HERO RECEIVES MEDAL AND \$1,000 CASH

The Owensboro Inquirer says:

Henry J. Sparks, who saved Ellis Gipe from suffocation in a gasoline tank, and who has been awarded a Carnegie Hero medal, an account of which appeared in the Inquirer of Sunday, is not only to receive a bronze medal for his heroism, but also \$1,000 in cash as well.

The matter of awarding Sparks a hero medal was taken up by L. Freeman Little, president of the Anglo-American Mill Company, and at a meeting of the Hero Fund Commission, the facts were presented, with the announcement that a medal and \$1,000 had been voted the life saver.

A letter addressed to young Sparks has been received by him, and as soon as the medal is made it will be sent to him. The commission will pass on his case with reference to the disposition of the money. The money will not be paid Sparks until the commission determines as to how it is to be invested. It will examine into the case of Sparks and then make a provision as to its disposition. The money is not paid over in such manner that it can be squandered. It will be invested so as to be a lasting benefit to the recipient. This is the customary procedure in such cases.

TALK ABOUT WAR TAXES

—HERE'S SOMETHING NEW

The Grafton treasury is empty, bankrupt, and the city fathers have been hard put to find some way to raise funds. As all members of the Council are married men, they decided that those who enjoy luxuries should pay for them and they passed a law putting a tax of \$25 on every unmarried man over 28 years of age, and a tax of \$10 on every unmarried woman over 25 years. A man by proving that he has proposed to a woman in the past year and was refused will be exempt from paying the tax. A woman who can prove that no man has proposed to her during the past year will also be exempt. The law went into effect the first day of April. (Grafton (Ill.) News.)

Uncle Sam's Biggest Gun.

Critics who claim the American navy's fourteen-inch rifles are inferior to the fifteen-inch type mounted on the great British battleship Queen Elizabeth were answered in a statement issued by Secretary Daniels, declaring that the Bureau of Ordnance has developed a fourteen-inch gun "that will shoot farther, shoot straighter and hit harder than any gun now in use or known to be designed by a foreign country."

Hens Worth Having.

Mrs. E. V. Wright, of this city, has fifty-six hens that are certainly in the "industrious class." Since January 5 she has sold \$32.42 worth of eggs, used fifteen dozen for home use, and has set eleven hens with fifteen eggs each. (Meade County Messenger.)

Minerals in Livingston.

G. H. Rappolee, of Salem, reports the finding of an immense chunk

of ore taken from the fluor spar mine near that place weighing 614 pounds. The Enterprise believes the mining section of Livingston county will become a mecca of industry and wealth. Millions of dollars' worth of mineral lies hidden in old mother earth awaiting the miner's pick and shovel and land will soon spring into market at a very high price when the mineral developments take on an earnest movement. (Livingston Enterprise.)

DOCK SMITH SENTENCED TO THE "PEN" FOR LIFE

Winchester, Ky., April 30.—Dock Smith, charged with the murder of former Sheriff Ed Callahan, of Breathitt county, to-day entered a plea of guilty, and was given a life sentence. Smith has confessed many times to the murder and on his testimony three others were convicted. He was permitted to go home on probation, but when Judge Benton learned he was on a rampage in the mountains, he was brought here to stand trial.

Immense Trade Balance.

Washington, May 3.—Secretary Redfield, of the Department of Commerce, in a letter to Chairman William J. Stone, of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, made public to-day, declares that unless some unforeseen change in the export movement occurs, the balance of trade in favor of the United States will reach, if not exceed, \$1,000,000,000 during the current fiscal year.

POSSUM HUNTER CASES COME UP IN HOPKINS

Madisonville, Ky., May 1.—The May term of the Hopkins Circuit Court will convene here next Monday. There are 175 Commonwealth cases set for trial for the first ten days of the term, and in this number thirty-seven of the indictments are against alleged "possum hunters." About fifty indictments are for alleged "bootleggers," a large percentage of these being against Dawson Springs people. The usual large divorce docket confronts the court.

Capt. Hockersmith Dead.

Madisonville, Ky., April 29.—Capt. Lorenzo Dow Hockersmith, 82 years old, Confederate soldier, the man who successfully planned the escape for Morgan and his men from the Columbus, O., penitentiary and who was with Gen. Morgan during his famous raid through Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio, died at his home here this morning at nine o'clock. Two weeks ago he fell while out walking and sustained injuries, complications, arising which hastened the end.

Officials Must Be Paid.

An unknown man was found dead in the outskirts of a small Kansas town recently. A revolver and \$100 in cash were found on his person. The coroner held an inquest and it took \$75 to defray the expenses and bury the body. The police judge fined the corpse \$25 for carrying concealed weapons and confiscated the gun. The local editor, who published the obituary, got nothing. (Altoona (Kan.) Tribune.)

Killed By Lightning.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., May 1.—During an electrical storm in Rowan county a few days ago Ollie Dryden, aged thirty-five, was struck by lightning. Both feet were burned off and he was instantly killed. The body was found several hours after the accident.

In life's great prize contest most men never even get honorable mention until they are dead.

After a man has thrown himself away he should not call on other people to help find him.

TO THE PUBLIC!



We have employed a first-class Blacksmith to do all kinds of Repair Work. Horse-Shoeing a specialty. It will pay you to see us for anything you need before going elsewhere.

This shop is located opposite John H. Barnes' brick residence. Don't forget the place.

BARNES & CO.,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

BLOOM OUT, WE'VE GOT THE NEW THINGS



YOU NEED SOME TASTY, NEW FURNISHING GOODS AND A NOBBY, NEW "LID" TO TONE UP YOUR APPEARANCE.

LOOK THROUGH YOUR OUTFIT AND MAKE A LIST OF WHAT YOU NEED. THEN COME INTO OUR STORE. THE TIES, HOSE, SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR AND HATS WE WILL SHOW YOU WILL PERSUADE YOU TO BUY WHAT YOU NEED FROM US.

AND WHEN YOU BUY FROM US ONCE YOU WILL COME AGAIN. "TRY IT ONCE."

Carson & Co.,

(Incorporated.)

HARTFORD, KY.

WANTED

Five Hundred

MEN AND BOYS

To buy Straw Hats. Prices 10c and up.

Hub Clothing Co.

Hartford, Kentucky.

BUY YOUR ACID PHOSPHATE Direct From Factory.

14 per cent Acid Phosphate in 125 lb sacks \$10.30 ton
16 per cent Acid Phosphate in 125 lb sacks \$11.30 ton
F. O. B. Nashville, Tenn.—Car lots.
Would be glad to hear from A. S. of E. Locals.

Address Muhlenberg County Acid Phosphate
District Agency, Box 147,
GREENVILLE, KENTUCKY.

DR. S. C. BAIRD,
Veterinary
and Dental Surgeon
HARTFORD, KY.

Located at S. E. Bennett's Stable
Call answered day or night.

McHenry Mfg. and Machine Co.
Founders and Machinists,
McHENRY, KY.
All work quickly and accurately done.
EDWARD NELSON, Mgr.